#### COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES

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March 29, 2013

Mr. Ed Jewik County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller's Office 500 W. Temple Street, Room 603 Los Angeles, CA 90012 Mr. Keith Petersen SixTen and Associates P.O. Box 340430 Sacramento, CA 95834-0430

And Interested Parties and Affected State Agencies (See Mailing List)

# RE: Proposed Parameters and Guidelines and Statement of Decision and Notice of Hearing

California Public Records Act, 02-TC-10 and 02-TC-51
Government Code Section 6253, et al.
County of Los Angeles and Riverside Unified School District, Claimants

Dear Mr. Jewik and Mr. Petersen:

The proposed parameters and guidelines and statement of decision for the above-named matter are enclosed.

# Hearing

This matter is set for hearing on **Friday, April 19, 2013**, at 10:00 a.m., State Capitol, Room 447, Sacramento, California. Please let us know in advance if you or a representative of your agency will testify at the hearing, and if other witnesses will appear. If you would like to request postponement of the hearing, please refer to section 1183.01(c)(2) of the Commission's regulations.

#### **Special Accommodations**

For any special accommodations such as a sign language interpreter, an assistive listening device, materials in an alternative format, or any other accommodations, please contact the Commission Office at least five to seven *working* days prior to the meeting.

Please contact Heidi Palchik at (916) 323-3562 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Heather Halsey Executive Director Hearing Date: April 19, 2013

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#### ITEM 5

# PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

#### **AND**

#### STATEMENT OF DECISION

Government Code Sections 6253, 6253.1, 6253.9, 6254.3, and 6255

Statutes 1992, Chapter 463 (AB 1040); Statutes 2000, Chapter 982 (AB 2799); and Statutes 2001, Chapter 355 (AB 1014)

California Public Records Act

02-TC-10 and 02-TC-51

County of Los Angeles and Riverside Unified School District, Claimants

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The following is the proposed statement of decision for this matter prepared pursuant to section 1188.1 of the Commission's regulations. As of January 1, 2011, Commission hearings on the adoption of proposed parameters and guidelines are conducted under article 7 of the Commission's regulations. Article 7 hearings are quasi-judicial hearings. The Commission is required to adopt a decision that is correct as a matter of law and based on substantial evidence in the record. Oral or written testimony is offered under oath or affirmation in article 7 hearings.

#### I. SUMMARY OF THE MANDATE

These proposed parameters and guidelines pertain to the consolidated *California Public Records Act* test claim (02-TC-10 and 02-TC-51), adopted May 26, 2011. Based on the filing date of the test claim, the period of reimbursement begins on July 1, 2001, or later for specified activities added by subsequent statutes.

The California Public Records Act (CPRA) provides for the disclosure of public records kept by the state, local agencies, school districts and community college districts, and county offices of education. The required activities include:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> California Code of Regulations, Title 2, section 1187.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Government Code section 17559(b); California Code of Regulations, Title 2, 1187.5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> *Ibid*.

- Providing copies of public records with portions exempted from disclosure redacted;
- Notifying a person making a public records request whether the requested records are disclosable;
- Assisting members of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or the purpose of the request;
- Making disclosable public records in electronic formats available in electronic formats; and
- Removing an employee's home address and home telephone number from any mailing list maintained by the agency when requested by the employee.

The CPRA was originally adopted in 1968 "to more clearly define what constitutes a "public record" open to inspection and what information can be or is required to be withheld from disclosure." Prior to the adoption of the CPRA in 1968, the law governing disclosure of public records consisted of a "hodgepodge of statutes and court decisions." These parameters and guidelines address the statutory amendments to the CPRA made after 1975.

The Commission found in the test claim statement of decision that the requirement for local agencies and school districts to make public records available for inspection during office hours, "except for public records exempted from disclosure or prohibited from disclosure" was required prior to 1975 and thus was not new. The Commission also found that "the Legislature intended public records to include every conceivable kind of record that is involved in the governmental process," and that the purpose and intent of the CPRA is "to make disclosable *information* open to the public, not simply the documents prepared, owned, used, or retained by a public agency." In addition, the Commission found that a 1981 amendment to CPRA codified the courts' interpretation, that "CPRA requires segregation of exempt materials from nonexempt materials contained in a single document and to make the nonexempt materials open for inspection and copying." Finally, the Commission found that pursuant to Government Code sections 6256 and 6257, public agencies (both state and local government) have been required to provide "copies or exact copies of public records upon a request that reasonably describes an identifiable record" since the 1968 enactment of CPRA. These activities, required by the CPRA under prior law, are not eligible for reimbursement.

However, the Commission found that Government Code sections 6253, 6253.1, 6253.9, 6254.3, and 6255, as amended in Statutes 1992, Chapters 463 (AB 1040), Statutes 2000, Chapter 982 (AB 2799), and Statutes 2001, Chapter 355 (AB 1014), impose reimbursable state-mandated programs on local agencies and K-14 school districts, within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution, and Government Code section 17514, for the increased levels of service as follows:

1. If requested by a person making a public records request for a public record kept in an electronic format, provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested, if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies. (Gov. Code, § 6253.9(a)(2) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982).)

- 2. Beginning January 1, 2002, within 10 days of receipt of a request for a copy of records, determine whether the request, in whole or in part, seeks copies of disclosable public records in the possession of the local agency or K-14 district and notify the person making the request of the determination and the reasons for the determination. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982).)
- 3. Beginning January 1, 2002, if the 10-day time limit of Government Code section 6253 is extended by a local agency or K-14 district due to "unusual circumstances" as defined by Government Code section 6253(c)(1)-(4) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982), the agency head, or his or her designee, shall provide written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons of the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982).)
- 4. Beginning January 1, 2002, when a member of the public requests to inspect a public record or obtain a copy of a public record:
  - a. Assist the member of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated;
  - b. Describe the information technology and physical location in which the records exist; and
  - c. Provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

These activities are not reimbursable when:

- The public records requested are made available to the member of the public through the procedures set forth in Government Code section 6253;
- The public agency determines that the request should be denied and bases that determination solely on an exemption listed in Government Code section 6254; or
- The public agency makes available an index of its records. (Gov. Code, § 6253.1(a) and (d) (Stats. 2001, ch. 355).)
- 5. For K-12 school districts and county offices of education only, the following activities are eligible for reimbursement:
  - Redact or withhold the home address and telephone number of employees of K-12 school districts and county offices of education from records that contain disclosable information.

This activity is not reimbursable when the information is requested by:

- an agent, or a family member of the individual to whom the information pertains;
- an officer or employee of another school district, or county office of education when necessary for the performance of its official duties;

- an employee organization pursuant to regulations and decisions of the Public Employment Relations Board, except that the home addresses and home telephone numbers of employees performing law enforcement-related functions shall not be disclosed (and thus must always be redacted or withheld);
- an agent or employee of a health benefit plan providing health services or administering claims for health services to K-12 school district and county office of education employees and their enrolled dependents, for the purpose of providing the health services or administering claims for employees and their enrolled dependents. (Gov. Code, § 6254.3(a) (Stats. 1992, ch. 463).)
  - b. Remove the home address and telephone number of an employee from any mailing lists that the K-12 school district or county office of education is legally required to maintain, if requested by the employee, except for lists used exclusively by the K-12 school district or county office of education to contact the employee. (Gov. Code, § 6254.3(b) (Stats. 1992, ch. 463).)
- 6. If a request is denied, in whole or in part, respond in writing to a written request for inspection or copies of public records that includes a determination that the request is denied. (Gov. Code, § 6255(b) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982).)

In addition, the Commission concluded that the fee authority set forth in Government Code section 6253.9(a)(2) and (b), as added by Statutes 2000, chapter 982, is offsetting revenue and shall be deducted from the costs of providing a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested.<sup>4</sup>

#### II. PROCEDURAL HISTORY

The statement of decision on the test claim was adopted on May 26, 2011. A corrected statement of decision was issued on December 17, 2012, to correct a clerical error approving reimbursement for K-14 school districts, rather than K-12 school districts, for activities mandated by Government Code section 6254.3. That code section imposes requirements only on K-12 school districts.

On June 15, 2011, claimant Riverside Unified School District (Riverside Unified) submitted proposed parameters and guidelines. On June 23, 2011, claimant Los Angeles County (LA County) submitted proposed parameters and guidelines. On July 22, 2011 the State Controller's Office (SCO) submitted comments on the proposed parameters and guidelines. On July 25, 2011, the Department of Finance (DOF) submitted comments on the proposed parameters and guidelines. On August 30, 2011, LA County submitted rebuttal comments on the proposed parameters and guidelines.

On February 13, 2013, Commission staff issued the draft staff analysis and proposed parameters and guidelines setting this matter for hearing on April 19, 2013. On February 21, 2013, Cost

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Exhibit A, Corrected Statement of Decision, at pp. 4-5.

Recovery Systems, Inc. submitted written comments on the draft. On March 5, 2013, LA County submitted written comments on the draft. On March 6, 2013, SCO and DOF each submitted written comments on the draft.

On March 15, 2013, the California State Association of Counties (CSAC), which was not a party and had not submitted any comments on this matter until this time, requested "an extension of the April 19, 2013 hearing date to file an amended set of parameters and guidelines...to include an RRM [reasonable reimbursement methodology]." The letter stated that "the local associations are committed to doing everything possible to reach an agreement with DOF." The tentative timeline set out by CSAC would have postponed this item for hearing until September or December 2013. The executive director denied the request for extension, stating "there is no authority for interested parties (such as CSAC) to request a postponement of a hearing." None of the state or local agency parties to this matter have requested an extension of time or postponement of the hearing on these parameters and guidelines.

#### III. POSITION OF THE PARTIES

#### Claimants' Position

Riverside Unified submitted proposed parameters and guidelines restating and reordering, but not otherwise altering, the activities approved in the test claim statement of decision. LA County submitted proposed parameters and guidelines substantially expanding upon the approved activities, and including a number of alleged reasonably necessary activities. LA County's proposals are addressed in the analysis. After staff issued the draft staff analysis and proposed statement of decision, LA County responded with written comments, disagreeing with staff's reasoning regarding the scope of the mandate, and providing amended declarations, under penalty of perjury, to replace those that staff disregarded as not sufficiently supporting the claimant's proposed activities. Riverside Unified did not comment on the draft staff analysis and proposed statement of decision.

#### **SCO** Position

The SCO submitted comments on claimants' proposed parameters and guidelines in which it argued that they "were confusing, not specific, and needed clarification." SCO's comments in response to the draft staff analysis and proposed parameters and guidelines recommended no changes.

#### **DOF** Position

DOF submitted comments in which it argued that reimbursable activities proposed in the claimants' proposed parameters and guidelines were, alternatively, additive, duplicative, vague, or outside the scope of the mandate. DOF's comments on the draft staff analysis addressed only the fee authority discussed in section (C.), below (section VII. of the parameters and guidelines). DOF's comments are incorporated in the analysis.

#### IV. DISCUSSION

The claimants' proposed reasonably necessary activities are analyzed herein. Staff finds that some of the proposed reasonably necessary activities are not new, and were held to be

requirements of prior law in the test claim statement of decision. Staff finds that some of the proposed activities are not supported by substantial evidence, and must be denied. And, staff finds that some of the proposed activities reasonably define or clarify the activities expressly approved in the test claim statement of decision, and should be approved. The parameters and guidelines reflect these changes.

Finally, the test claim statement of decision identified offsetting revenues, in the form of fee authority, for:

- a. The direct costs of providing a copy of an existing disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies of that record; and
- b. The direct costs to construct a record, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce a copy of the record if: (1) the public agency would be required to produce a copy of an electronic record and the record is one that is produced only at otherwise regularly scheduled intervals; or (2) the request would require data compilation, extraction, or programming to produce the record.

The analysis herein discusses the legal foundation for identifying offsetting revenues, and provides that SCO may reduce reimbursement claims to the extent of fee authority provided.

#### V. STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends that the Commission:

- Adopt the attached proposed statement of decision and proposed parameters and guidelines; and
- Authorize staff to make any non-substantive, technical corrections to these parameters and guidelines following the hearing.

#### **BEFORE THE**

# COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES STATE OF CALIFORNIA

#### IN RE PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES:

Government Code Sections 6253, 6253.1, 6253.9, 6254.3, and 6255

Statutes 1992, Chapters 463 (AB 1040); Statutes 2000, Chapter 982 (AB 2799); and Statutes 2001, Chapter 355 (AB 1014)

Period of reimbursement begins on July 1, 2001, or later for specified activities added by subsequent statutes.

Case No.: 02-TC-10 and 02-TC-51

California Public Records Act

STATEMENT OF DECISION PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 17500 ET SEQ.; CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, DIVISION 2, CHAPTER 2.5, ARTICLE 7

(*Adopted April 19, 2013*)

#### STATEMENT OF DECISION

The Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted this statement of decision and parameters and guidelines during a regularly scheduled hearing on April 19, 2013. [Witness list will be included in the final statement of decision.]

The law applicable to the Commission's determination of a reimbursable state-mandated program is article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution, Government Code section 17500 et seq., and related case law.

The Commission adopted the parameters and guidelines and statement of decision by a vote of [Vote count will be included in the final statement of decision].

#### I. SUMMARY OF THE MANDATE

These proposed parameters and guidelines pertain to the consolidated *California Public Records Act* test claim (02-TC-10 and 02-TC-51), adopted May 26, 2011. Based on the filing date of the test claim, the period of reimbursement begins on July 1, 2001, or later for specified activities added by subsequent statutes.

The California Public Records Act (CPRA) provides for the disclosure of public records kept by the state, local agencies, school districts and community college districts, and county offices of education. The required activities include:

- Providing copies of public records with portions exempted from disclosure redacted;
- Notifying a person making a public records request whether the requested records are disclosable;

- Assisting members of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or the purpose of the request;
- Making disclosable public records in electronic formats available in electronic formats; and
- Removing an employee's home address and home telephone number from any mailing list maintained by the agency when requested by the employee.

The CPRA was originally adopted in 1968 "to more clearly define what constitutes a "public record" open to inspection and what information can be or is required to be withheld from disclosure." Prior to the adoption of the CPRA in 1968, the law governing disclosure of public records consisted of a "hodgepodge of statutes and court decisions." These parameters and guidelines address the statutory amendments to the CPRA made after 1975.

The Commission found in the test claim statement of decision that the requirement for local agencies and school districts to make public records available for inspection during office hours, "except for public records exempted from disclosure or prohibited from disclosure" was required prior to 1975 and thus was not new. The Commission also found that "the Legislature intended public records to include every conceivable kind of record that is involved in the governmental process," and that the purpose and intent of the CPRA is "to make disclosable *information* open to the public, not simply the documents prepared, owned, used, or retained by a public agency." In addition, the Commission found that a 1981 amendment to CPRA codified the courts' interpretation, that "CPRA requires segregation of exempt materials from nonexempt materials contained in a single document and to make the nonexempt materials open for inspection and copying." Finally, the Commission found that pursuant to Government Code sections 6256 and 6257, public agencies (both state and local government) have been required to provide "copies or exact copies of public records upon a request that reasonably describes an identifiable record" since the 1968 enactment of CPRA. These activities, required by the CPRA under prior law, are not eligible for reimbursement.

However, the Commission found that Government Code sections 6253, 6253.1, 6253.9, 6254.3, and 6255, as amended by Statutes 1992, Chapters 463 (AB 1040), Statutes 2000, Chapter 982 (AB 2799), and Statutes 2001, Chapter 355 (AB 1014), impose reimbursable state-mandated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 5 [citing *Los Angeles Unified School Dist. v. Superior Court* (2007) 151 Cal.App.4th 759, 765].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> *Id*, at p. 12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> *Id*, at p. 13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> *Ibid*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> *Id*, at p. 14.

programs on local agencies and K-14 school districts, within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution, and Government Code section 17514, as follows:

- 1. If requested by a person making a public records request for a public record kept in an electronic format, provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies. (Gov. Code, § 6253.9(a)(2) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982).)
- 2. Within 10 days from receipt of a request for a copy of records determine whether the request, in whole or in part, seeks copies of disclosable public records in the possession of the local agency or K-14 district and notify the person making the request of the determination and the reasons for the determination. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982).)
- 3. If the 10-day time limit of Government Code section 6253 is extended by a local agency or K-14 district due to "unusual circumstances" as defined by Government Code section 6253(c)(1)-(4) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982), the agency head, or his or her designee, shall provide written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons of the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982).)
- 4. When a member of the public requests to inspect a public record or obtain a copy of a public record:
  - a. assist the member of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated;
  - b. describe the information technology and physical location in which the records exist; and
  - c. provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

These activities are not reimbursable when: (1) the public records requested are made available to the member of the public through the procedures set forth in Government Code section 6253; (2) the public agency determines that the request should be denied and bases that determination solely on an exemption listed in Government Code section 6254; or (3) the public agency makes available an index of its records. (Gov. Code, § 6253.1(a) and (d) (Stats. 2001, ch. 355).)

- 5. For K-12 school districts and county offices of education only, the following activities are eligible for reimbursement:
  - a. Redact or withhold the home address and telephone number of employees of K-12 school districts and county offices of education from records that contain disclosable information.

This activity is not reimbursable when the information is requested by: (1) an agent, or a family member of the individual to whom the information pertains; (2) an officer or employee of another school district, or county office of education when necessary for the performance of its official duties; (3) an employee organization pursuant to regulations and decisions of the Public Employment Relations Board, except that the home addresses and home telephone numbers of employees performing law enforcement-related functions shall not be disclosed (and thus must always be redacted or withheld); (4) an agent or employee of a health benefit plan providing health services or administering claims for health services to K-12 school district and county office of education employees and their enrolled dependents, for the purpose of providing the health services or administering claims for employees and their enrolled dependents. (Gov. Code, § 6254.3(a) (Stats. 1992, ch. 463).)

- b. Remove the home address and telephone number of an employee from any mailing lists that the K-12 school district or county office of education is legally required to maintain, if requested by the employee, except for lists used exclusively by the K-12 school district or county office of education to contact the employee. (Gov. Code, § 6254.3(b) (Stats. 1992, ch. 463).)
- 6. If a request is denied, in whole or in part, respond in writing to a written request for inspection or copies of public records that includes a determination that the request is denied. (Gov. Code, § 6255(b) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982).)

In addition, the Commission concluded that the fee authority set forth in Government Code section 6253.9(a)(2) and (b), as added by Statutes 2000, chapter 982, is offsetting revenue and shall be deducted from the costs of providing a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested.<sup>11</sup>

## II. PROCEDURAL HISTORY

The first test claim was filed by the County of Los Angeles (LA County) on October 15, 2002. A second test claim on the same statutes was filed by Riverside Unified School District (Riverside Unified) on June 26, 2003. Due to an ongoing dispute over the constitutionality of Government Code section 17556(f), and a ballot measure that would have triggered an analysis of the disputed issue, the two CPRA test claims were removed from the Commission's hearing calendar until the constitutionality of section 17556 was resolved in March of 2009. On November 2, 2010, the two claims were consolidated by the executive director. The consolidated test claim was heard, and the statement of decision adopted, on May 26, 2011. A corrected statement of decision was issued on December 17, 2012, to correct a clerical error

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Exhibit A, Corrected Statement of Decision, at pp. 4-5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Exhibit A, Corrected Statement of Decision, at p. 6.

approving reimbursement for K-14 school districts, rather than K-12 school districts, for activities mandated by Government Code section 6254.3. That statute imposes requirements only on K-12 school districts.

On June 15, 2011, Riverside Unified submitted proposed parameters and guidelines. On June 23, 2011, LA County submitted proposed parameters and guidelines. On July 22, 2011, the State Controller's Office (SCO) submitted comments on the claimants' proposed parameters and guidelines. On July 25, 2011, the Department of Finance (DOF) submitted comments on the claimants' proposed parameters and guidelines. On August 30, 2011, LA County submitted rebuttal comments.

On February 13, 2013, Commission staff issued the draft proposed statement of decision and parameters and guidelines setting this matter for hearing on April 19, 2013. On February 21, 2013, Cost Recovery Systems, Inc. submitted written comments on the draft. On March 5, 2013, claimant LA County submitted written comments on the draft. On March 6, 2013, SCO and DOF each submitted written comments on the draft.

On March 15, 2013, the California State Association of Counties (CSAC), which is not a party to this matter and had not submitted any comments on this matter until this time, requested "an extension of the April 19, 2013 hearing date to file an amended set of parameters and guidelines...to include an RRM [reasonable reimbursement methodology]." The letter stated that "the local associations are committed to doing everything possible to reach an agreement with DOF." The tentative timeline set out by CSAC would have postponed this item until the December 2013 hearing, rather than the April 2013 hearing. The executive director denied the request for extension, stating "there is no authority for interested parties (such as CSAC) to request a postponement of a hearing." None of the state or local agency parties to this matter have requested an extension of time or postponement of the hearing on these parameters and guidelines.

## III. POSITION OF THE PARTIES

#### A. Claimant Riverside Unified's Position and Proposed Parameters and Guidelines

Riverside Unified submitted proposed parameters and guidelines in which the claimant proposes reimbursement for exactly the activities approved in the test claim statement of decision, except that the claimant reorganizes the activities and re-numbers them. <sup>15</sup> Riverside Unified did not submit comments on the draft analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Exhibit K, CSAC, Hearing Postponement Request.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Exhibit K, Commission, Denial of Postponement Request.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Exhibit B, Riverside Unified's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines.

#### B. Claimant LA County's Position and Proposed Parameters and Guidelines

LA County submitted proposed parameters and guidelines in which the claimant proposes reimbursement for the activities approved in the test claim statement of decision, but also proposes reimbursement for a number of proposed reasonably necessary activities. These proposed reasonably necessary activities will be described in the analysis below. <sup>16</sup> LA County submitted comments on the draft analysis, reiterating the need for certain reasonably necessary activities proposed, and generally disagreeing with staff's analysis of the scope of the mandate. <sup>17</sup>

#### C. State Controller's Office Position

SCO submitted comments on the claimants' proposed parameters and guidelines, in which SCO stated that "the reimbursable activities listed under the "Scope of Reimbursable Activities" were numbered incorrectly, included several duplications, and were incomplete." SCO continued, "[f]urthermore, the reimbursable activities listed were confusing, not specific, and needed clarification." SCO also suggested that activities should be designated "one-time" or "ongoing." SCO's comments on the draft analysis recommended no changes.

# **D.** Department of Finance Position

DOF submitted comments on the claimants' proposed parameters and guidelines, in which DOF raises the following arguments:

- Claimants "appear to add to the activities found reimbursable by the Commission;"
- Many of the activities "appear to be outside the scope of the SOD as these were likely already required and utilized before this mandate and for purposes other than complying with this mandate:"
- Many activities are "duplicative and repetitious or are too vague and general and therefore lack sufficient specificity;"
- A number of activities "do not appear to be reasonably necessary to comply with the mandate, are inconsistent with the SOD, and additive in nature;" and
- Several of the activities "could be performed by lower-level staff than what is referenced in the [parameters and guidelines]."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Exhibit D, SCO Comments on Proposed Parameters and Guidelines.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Exhibit J, SCO Comments on Draft Analysis.

The DOF recommends "that Commission staff apply the *Clovis Unified School District v. Chiang* (2010) 188 Cal.App.4<sup>th</sup> 794 case and offset any and all applicable costs for specified activities...to the extent of the fee authority provided by law."<sup>20</sup>

DOF's comments on the draft analysis focus on the offsetting revenue provisions of the parameters and guidelines, and are discussed below, as applicable.<sup>21</sup>

# IV. COMMISSION FINDINGS

#### A. Period of Reimbursement (Section III. of Proposed Parameters and Guidelines)

Government Code section 17557(e) states that a test claim shall be submitted on or before June 30 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. LA County filed the first test claim on October 15, 2002, establishing eligibility for reimbursement for the 2001-2002 fiscal year. Therefore, costs incurred on or after July 1, 2001 are reimbursable under this consolidated test claim, for statutes in effect before July 1, 2001, or later, as specified, for statutes effective after July 1, 2001. The language of Section III. Period of Reimbursement, therefore reflects a reimbursement period beginning July 1, 2001, or later for specified activities added by subsequent statutes.

## B. Reimbursable Activities (Section IV. of Proposed Parameters and Guidelines)

Government Code section 17557 provides that "[t]he proposed parameters and guidelines may include proposed reimbursable activities that are reasonably necessary for the performance of the state-mandated program." The Commission's regulations provide that parameters and guidelines shall include "a description of the most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate." "The most reasonable methods of complying with the mandate' are those methods not specified in statute or executive order that are necessary to carry out the mandated program."

Government Code section 17559 provides that a claimant or the state may petition to set aside a Commission decision not supported by substantial evidence. <sup>24</sup> Substantial evidence has been defined in two ways: first, as evidence of ponderable legal significance...reasonable in nature,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Exhibit E, DOF Comments on Proposed Parameters and Guidelines.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Exhibit I, DOF Comments on Draft Staff Analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Government Code section 17557 (as amended by Stats. 2010, ch. 719 § 32 (SB 856) effective October 19, 2010; Stats. 2011, ch. 144 (SB 112)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Code of Regulations, Title 2, section 1183.1(a)(4) (Register 96, No. 30; Register 2005, No. 36).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Government Code section 17559(b) (Stats. 1984, ch. 1469, § 1; Stats. 1999, ch. 643 (AB 1679)).

credible, and of solid value;<sup>25</sup> and second, as relevant evidence that a reasonable mind might accept as adequate to support a conclusion.<sup>26</sup> The California Supreme Court has stated that "[o]bviously the word [substantial] cannot be deemed synonymous with 'any' evidence."<sup>27</sup> Moreover, substantial evidence is not submitted by a party; it is a standard of review, which requires a reviewing court to uphold the determinations of a lower court, or in this context, the Commission, if they are supported by substantial evidence. A court will not reweigh the evidence of a lower court, or of an agency exercising its adjudicative functions; rather a court is "obliged to consider the evidence in the light most favorable to the [agency], giving to it the benefit of every reasonable inference and resolving all conflicts in its favor."<sup>28</sup>

The Commission's regulations provide that hearings need not be conducted according to strict and technical rules of evidence, but that evidence must be "the sort of evidence on which responsible persons are accustomed to rely in the conduct of serious affairs," and that hearsay evidence will usually not be sufficient to support a finding unless admissible over objection in a civil action. The regulations also provide for admission of oral or written testimony, the introduction of exhibits, and taking official notice "in the manner and of such information as is described in Government Code section 11515." Therefore, reasonably necessary activities, in order to be adopted by the Commission, must be supported by substantial evidence, and that evidence must include something other than hearsay evidence.

LA County has proposed reimbursement for a number of alleged reasonably necessary activities, in its Revised Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, attached as Exhibit C. These are analyzed below, incorporating SCO and DOF comments where appropriate. The claimant has ordered and categorized the proposed reasonably necessary activities under headings that approximate, but overstate, the language of the reimbursable activities expressly approved in the test claim statement of decision. The following analysis will determine that some of the activities that LA County proposes are reasonably necessary to implement the mandated activities approved in the test claim statement of decision, and others are beyond the scope of what was approved in the test claim statement of decision, or are not new.

#### 1. Evidence Filed by LA County in Support of its Request

The draft staff analysis pointed out that the claimants had submitted scant evidence that the proposed activities are necessary to implement the mandate: four declarations were submitted, each of which referred to an "Attachment A," prepared by LA County's representative on the test

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> County of Mariposa v. Yosemite West Associates (Cal. Ct. App. 5<sup>th</sup> Dist. 1998) 202 Cal. App. 3d 791, at p. 805.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Desmond v. County of Contra Costa (1993) 21 Cal.App.4<sup>th</sup> 330, 335.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> People v. Bassett (1968) 69 Cal.2d 122, at p. 139.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Martin v. State Personnel Board (Cal. Ct. App. 3d Dist. 1972) 26 Cal. App. 3d 573, at p. 577.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1187.5.

claim; but none of those four declarations directly endorsed the contents of "Attachment A," or stated directly why or how the activities referenced therein are necessary to comply with the mandate. Instead, the declarants stated that they had *reviewed* the attachment, and that the attachment "includes and summarizes" the department's statutory and reasonably necessary activities for the parameters and guidelines. <sup>30</sup>

LA County responded to the draft analysis by submitting new declarations, and a new Attachment A. LA County asserted that each of the new declarations "adds substantial evidence to the record supporting a Commission decision to adopt CPRA Ps&Gs which include the County's revisions." As discussed above, "substantial evidence" is not a factor or element submitted by a party; it is the standard of review that either supports or fails to support the Commission's decision. And in no event is "substantial evidence" that which compels a particular result, as LA County's assertion suggests: the presence or absence of substantial evidence is considered in the light most favorable to the decision made; in this context, the decision whether to accept LA County's proposed revisions to the parameters and guidelines.

The prior declaration of Diane Reagan stated that "I have reviewed Attachment A which *includes* and summarizes County Counsel's statutory and reasonably necessary activities for inclusion in Los Angeles County's proposed parameters and guidelines as reimbursable service components." Ms. Reagan did not state on her own information and belief that the activities in Attachment A are necessary to implement the mandate, nor indicate any cognizance of what was mandated under prior law. The new declaration submitted by the claimant states that Ms. Reagan has reviewed the draft staff analysis, and includes new Attachment A, proposing changes, including re-inserting one-time training of employees charged with implementing the CPRA activities. Reimbursement for annual training was previously requested, and staff recommended denial. Ms. Reagan's declaration states as follows:

I declare on information and belief that the changes recommended to Commission staff's "reimbursable activities" are required because the provision of new CPRA services, including those to assist CPRA requestors in making a focused and effective search, must be tracked, processed, and provided to the requestor in a timely and cost-efficient manner. <sup>33</sup>

The same result obtains in the declarations of Rick Brouwer and Shaun Mathers, both of whom previously acknowledged having read Attachment A, but neither of whom expressly endorsed its content.<sup>34</sup> New declarations submitted by Mr. Brouwer and Mr. Mathers suggest a greater

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, Exhibits 1-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, Exhibit 1, at pp. 2-4.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 32}$  Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, Exhibit 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, Exhibit 1, at p. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, Exhibits 3-4.

degree of personal knowledge than was asserted before, and assert more emphatically an understanding of what activities are necessary to comply with the mandate.

However, none of the three new declarations provides any analysis or reasoning to explain why training is necessary to implement the higher level of service approved in the test claim statement of decision, nor why the requirement to assist requestors in making an effective public records request necessarily implies that such requests and searches must be tracked, processed, and provided to the requestor in a timely and efficient manner. As discussed at length below, the amendments to CPRA enacted by the test claim statutes were intended to remedy inadequacies in the provision of public records act services originally enacted in 1968. Even if tracking and processing of requests is necessary, there is no explanation why tracking and processing would not have been necessary under prior law. One-time training to implement the incremental changes is discussed below, but such training must be strictly limited to the increased level of service.

Finally, whatever the change in form and emphasis attempted by the amended declarations, the finding of reasonably necessary activities is still a finding of law, and declarations from claimants may inform that decision, but are not controlling, even in the absence of competing submissions. The self-serving statement that "substantial evidence has been provided by three County declarants supporting a Commission decision to adopt the [parameters and guidelines] as revised by the County" is not persuasive. <sup>35</sup> If it cannot be said as a matter of law that an activity is either reasonably necessary to implement the mandate, or within the scope of the mandate, that activity cannot be approved. More importantly, "substantial evidence" is a legal standard, which is defined by the contours of a court's review of the Commission's decision; substantial evidence is that which supports a legal finding, not a particular fact or item of evidence proferred by a party, or a quantum of evidence that necessitates or compels a particular result. Thus, "substantial evidence" is developed on the basis of the whole record.

The Commission finds that former Attachment A does not provide sufficient evidence of reasonably necessary activities because it lacks clear explanation why the proposed activities are *necessary* to implement the mandated increased levels of service. Rather, these declarations support the assertion that these are the practices of the respective agencies, which is not directly relevant to whether claimants have a legal duty to perform these activities, or whether they are reasonably necessary to implement the mandate.

The Commission finds also that the three additional declarations submitted do little to establish, as a matter of law, that the asserted activities are reasonably necessary to carry out the mandate. None of the three declarations illustrate how the practices of the county and its component agencies are reasonably necessary to implement the reimbursable activities approved by the Commission.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at p. 4.

Additionally, the claimant cites to the declaration of Commander Castro, submitted in the County's 2002 test claim filing, in which the declarant states that it is his information and belief that "the new public record duties imposed on the County, *as detailed on the attached list*, are reasonably necessary in complying with the test claim legislation." The attached list to which Commander Castro's declaration refers, without explanation or context, that claimants should be reimbursed for:

#### One-time Activities

- 1. Develop policies, protocols.
- 2. Conduct training on implementing test claim legislation.
- 3. Purchase computers to monitor and document public record service actions.
- 4. Purchase or develop data base software for tracking and processing Public Record Act requests.
- 5. Develop a Web Site for public record disclosure requests.

#### **Continuing Activities**

- I. Staff time for:
  - A. Station or branch personnel.
    - 1. Assistance in defining telephone, walk-in or written requests.
    - 2. Writing and logging request.
    - 3. Station-level research.
    - 4. If availability known, notify requestor.
    - 5. Indicate date/time available.
    - 6. If availability not known, forward request to central unit.
  - B. Central Unit Personnel
    - 1. Assistance in defining telephone, walk-in or written requests.
    - 2. Writing and logging request.
    - 3. Central Unit research.
    - 4. If availability known, notify requestor.
    - 5. Indicate date/time available.
    - 6. If availability not known:
      - a. consult with specialized personnel.
      - b. document findings.
      - c. notify requestor of results.
  - C. County Counsel-legal services to implement and comply with the test claim legislation, including Govt Code 6253.1.<sup>37</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at p. 4 [emphasis added].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at pp. 4-5; Claimant's Exhibit 5.

LA County implies that this list should simply be accepted and approved by the Commission, but the submission is insufficiently detailed, and does not demonstrate any consideration of prior law requirements or specifically link the proposed activities to any requirement in law. Research, in particular, whether taking place at the "station-level" or the "Central Unit," is not meaningfully distinguished from the requirements to make a determination whether records requested are exempt from disclosure, as was required under prior law. More importantly, Commander Castro's declaration states only an opinion regarding the means by which his department implements CPRA, and that "the County's new State mandated duties and resulting costs in implementing the test claim legislation are, in my opinion, reimbursable 'costs mandated by the State,' as defined in Government Code section 17514."

The Commission finds that LA County's submissions are not sufficient to support a finding by the Commission that the county's proposed reasonably necessary activities are reasonably necessary as a matter of law. However, to the extent that the activities described in Attachment A, and in LA County's proposed parameters and guidelines, and the newly-submitted exhibits here, are clarifying of the mandated activities approved in the test claim statement of decision, or reasonably define the scope of the approved activities, that language is included in the proposed parameters and guidelines. The following analysis will address each proposed activity in turn, maintaining consistency with the test claim statement of decision and distinguishing activities which were required under prior law and so are not reimbursable.

#### 2. One-time Activities

a. <u>Developing Policies and Procedures to Implement the Mandate</u>

LA County has proposed reimbursement for the following:

To develop policies, protocols, manuals and procedures for implementing the following reimbursable California Public Record Act (CPRA) provisions:

- a. Determining whether electronic records or parts thereof are not subject to statutory and case law exemptions in order to determine if such records are disclosable. (Gov. Code, § 6253.9, subd. (a)(2) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982)).
- b. Within 10 days, determining whether records or parts thereof are not subject to statutory and case law exemptions in order to determine if such records are disclosable; and, developing or reviewing language to notify the person making the request of the determination and the reasons for the determination. ((Gov. Code, § 6253, subd. (c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982)).
- c. When an extension of time is required in complying with the 10 day requirement, developing or reviewing language providing a legal basis for the extension. (Gov. Code, § 6253, subd. (c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Exhibit 5

- d. Identifying litigation, claims, and related records which may be disclosable and may be responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated; and provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought. (Gov. Code,§ 6253.1, subds. (a) and (d) (Stats. 2001, ch. 355)).
- e. If a request is denied, in whole or in part, preparing or reviewing a written response to a written request for inspection or copies of public records that includes a determination that the request is denied. (Gov. Code,§ 6255, subd. (b) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982).<sup>39</sup>

The Commission has routinely approved reimbursement for the development of policies and procedures to address the implementation of mandated new programs or increased levels of service determined to be reimbursable. And it is easily imagined that changes to CPRA would necessitate an update of policies and procedures to implement the mandate. However, as will appear below to be a consistently recurring theme, what was approved in the test claim statement of decision was only an *incremental* increase in service: to provide records in *electronic form*; to provide a time frame for response, and to ensure that the response, when denying the request, is in writing; and to place the burden on agencies to assist the public in making effective public records requests.<sup>40</sup> As discussed in the test claim statement of decision, the duty of government agencies (both state and local) to make records available for inspection reaches back to the 1968 statute, and is therefore not new. 41 The test claim statement of decision also notes that public records, per the interpretation of the courts, included "every conceivable kind of record that is involved in the governmental process," and the spirit of the CPRA was "to make disclosable information open to the public, not simply the documents prepared, owned, used, or retained by a public agency."42 Moreover, the Commission found that, "since 1968 public agencies were required to provide copies or exact copies of public records upon a request of identifiable public records."43 The test claim statement of decision also found that the determination whether and to what extent a record is disclosable was not a new activity subject to reimbursement.

The Commission concluded in the test claim statement of decision that the purpose of amending the CPRA to provide for copies of electronic records was to "substantially increase the availability of public records to the public and to reduce the cost and inconvenience to the public

 $^{42}$  Id, at p. 13 [citing Nor. Cal. Police Practices Project v. Craig (1979) 90 Cal. App.3d 116, p. 123-124].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, at p. 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> See Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at pp. 14-16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> *Id*, at p. 12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Id. at p.14. citing former Government Code sections 6256 and 6257as adopted by Statutes 1968, chapter 1473.

associated with large volumes of paper records," and that therefore "the requirement to provide an electronic copy of a public record kept in an electronic format constitutes a new program or higher level of service subject to article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution."

However, because the requirement to provide copies of disclosable public records upon request was an element of prior law, <sup>45</sup> the claimants cannot receive reimbursement for *making a determination whether a record is disclosable*, or for *providing records* upon request; those activities are not new and were required under prior law. Only the incremental increase in service of providing copies of records *in an electronic format*, and of providing written notice of the determination *within 10 days* whether a record is disclosable, can be reimbursed. And in this context, only the development or updating of policies and procedures to perform these incrementally increased levels of service are reimbursable.

Therefore item a., above, developing a policy or procedure for "Determining whether electronic records or parts thereof are not subject to statutory and case law exemptions in order to determine if such records are disclosable" is denied. The underlying requirement to determine whether records or parts thereof are disclosable is not new, and there is no meaningful difference between making that determination for physical records and making that determination for electronic records. Similarly, item b., above, developing policies or procedures for "Within 10 days, determining whether records or parts thereof are not subject to statutory and case law exemptions in order to determine if such records are disclosable; and, developing or reviewing language to notify the person making the request of the determination and the reasons for the determination," is only reimbursable for updating the existing policy or procedure to provide for the new deadline to provide notice of the determination within 10 days, and to provide for a written notice of the disclosure determination, as these activities are new.

LA County's proposed parameters and guidelines do not include any information about the activity of developing policies and procedures for implementing the activities that were approved only for schools and school districts. If policies and procedures are to be reimbursed as a one-time activity for counties, school districts should receive the same treatment since the mandate in this regard is the same for counties and school districts, and therefore receive reimbursement for developing policies and procedures to implement those new mandated activities also.

The Commission finds that the development of policies, protocols, manuals and procedures to implement the newly mandated activities identified in Section IV. B. is approved for all claimants, for one-time reimbursement, but not for policies and procedures for "[d]etermining whether electronic records or parts thereof are not subject to statutory and case law exemptions in order to determine if such records are disclosable," and not for policies and procedures for determining whether a record is disclosable, but only for the higher level of service of providing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at pp. 14-15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Former Government Code sections 6256 and 6257 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473).

notice of the determination within 10 days. Section IV.A. of the parameters and guidelines authorizes reimbursement for this one-time activity as follows:

Developing policies, protocols, manuals, and procedures, to implement only the activities identified in section IV.B. of these parameters and guidelines. The activities in section IV.B. represent the incremental higher level of service approved by the Commission.

This activity does not include, and reimbursement is not required for, developing policies and procedures to implement California Public Records Act requirements not specifically included in these parameters and guidelines. This activity specifically does not include making a determination whether a record is disclosable, or providing copies of disclosable records.

#### b. One-Time Training

In the draft analysis, reimbursement for Annual Training was recommended for denial. In comments on the draft staff analysis, LA County answered with a request for reimbursement of one-time training, excluding training on existing requirements of CPRA and provided an explanation of why this was reasonably necessary to implement the mandated activities. The one-time activity proposed for reimbursement by the claimant is as follows:

One-time training of each employee assigned the duties of implementing the reimbursable activities identified in section "IV. REIMBURSABLE ACTIVITIES" of these parameters and guidelines. This training activity does not include and reimbursement is not required for implementing all of the California Public Records Act or instruction regarding making a determination whether a record is disclosable. 46

As discussed above, the test claim statutes impose only an incremental higher level of service, but that incremental increase includes providing copies of public records in an electronic format, as specified; providing a disclosure determination within 10 days, or explaining why a disclosure determination cannot be provided within that time; providing assistance to the public in making effective public records requests; and providing a written response when a record is determined not to be disclosable. To the extent that these incremental increases in service may require training, one-time training may be approved for each employee whose duties include responding to CPRA requests consistently with the test claim statute.

The Commission finds that one-time training of employees is reasonably necessary to comply with the mandated activities. The parameters and guidelines include the one-time activity of training employees, as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at p. 7.

One-time training of each employee assigned the duties of implementing the reimbursable activities identified in section IV.B. of these parameters and guidelines.

This activity does not include, and reimbursement is not required for, instruction on California Public Records Act requirements not specifically included in these parameters and guidelines. This activity specifically does not include instruction on making a determination whether a record is disclosable, or providing copies of disclosable records.

# 3. On-Going Activity: Acquiring or Developing Technology and Equipment to Track and Process Public Records Requests

LA County has proposed reimbursement for the following activities relating to acquiring or developing technology and equipment:

To develop data base software or manual system(s) for tracking and processing public records request actions to implement reimbursable test claim provisions (as stated above).

To purchase or lease computers to monitor and document public records request actions to implement reimbursable test claim provisions (as stated above). (Use for other purposes is not reimbursable).

To develop or update web site(s) for public record act requests to implement reimbursable test claim provisions (as stated above). 47

These activities are not established as being reasonably necessary on the basis of the record. As discussed above, none of the four declarations submitted directly supports a finding that the activities proposed are reasonably necessary to comply with the mandated activities. Moreover, none of the four declarations refers to any technological difficulties that could be ameliorated by tracking software or documentation. Neither do any of the four declarants specifically cite the tracking of requests as a necessary activity. Finally, none of the other exhibits that LA County has submitted speaks to the necessity of technological methods to "track and process" or "monitor and document" public records requests. The need to "track and process" public record requests is not new, in any event, since the CPRA has been law since 1968 and public record requests have required processing for nearly 35 years.

DOF argues, in its comments on the claimants' proposed parameters and guidelines, that many of the activities, "including, but not limited to, developing data base software for tracking and processing public records requests appear to be outside the scope of the [statement of decision] as these were likely already required and utilized before this mandate and for purposes other than complying with this mandate." LA County does not directly answer that argument in its

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, at p. 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Exhibit E, DOF Comments on Proposed Parameters and Guidelines

rebuttal comments, instead arguing that the CPRA amendments giving rise to the test claim were intended to prevent public agencies from ignoring public records requests. LA County argues that "tracking and processing public records act requests to ensure timely compliance of CPRA provisions" is necessary, and should be reimbursable, because without "such systems, the status of requests would be left to memory – easily ignored as in the past."

Even accepting LA County's argument that a "system" for tracking and processing of records is essential to comply with the mandate, nothing submitted in the record amounts to substantial evidence that acquiring or developing a data base or purchasing or leasing computers is necessary to comply with the mandated activities approved by the Commission in the test claim statement of decision. Nor does LA County answer DOF's charge that such methods "were likely already required and utilized before this mandate and for purposes other than complying with this mandate." Furthermore, the claimants ignore the fact that whatever difficulties in tracking and responding to public records requests might have obtained prior to the enactment of the test claim statutes, the fundamental and existing requirement to make records available and provide copies upon request has not changed; a lost or ignored records request was no more permitted under prior law than it can be permitted now. The state is not required to provide reimbursement to local government for increased costs of complying with an existing requirement merely because local government did not comply prior law. Compliance with existing law is presumed.

As discussed above, the changes implicated here are incremental. The requirement to respond to a public records request is not new. The bill analysis attached to LA County's rebuttal comments describes an audit in which it was found that local agencies rejected or ignored public records requests 77% of the time. LA County cites this as evidence of the need for tracking software and other technology, but it is also evidence that the test claim statute was meant to remedy an inadequacy; that the Legislature was not satisfied that local governments were fully and properly implementing the CPRA, and the Legislature chose to make the requirements more stringent in order to encourage more consistent compliance. To the extent that local governments must implement processes to track records requests to avoid losing them or ignoring them, those requirements are not new; the prior law was not being implemented properly and completely. Moreover, to the extent that existing equipment is inadequate to implement the mandate, replacing such outmoded equipment is not reimbursable because the underlying mandate to receive and respond to public records requests is not new.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Exhibit F, LA County's Rebuttal Comments, at p. 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> See Government Code sections 6256 and 6257 [public agencies (both state and local government) have been required to provide "copies or exact copies of public records upon a request that reasonably describes an identifiable record" since the 1968 enactment of CPRA].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Exhibit F, LA County's Rebuttal Comments, at p. 4.

LA County's comments on the draft staff analysis continue to assert the need for computers and other technology to implement the mandate. The county requests reimbursement for "the pro rata costs of purchasing and installing software systems permitting key word searches for those requests requiring assistance to the requestor in making a focused and effective search." But LA County still fails to provide any explanation why new technology or equipment is needed, or why new technology or equipment should be reimbursable under this mandate, where, as discussed above, this mandate was meant, at least in part, to be remedial; to correct the failings of local government under prior law to properly receive and respond to public records act requests in a timely manner.

Therefore, the Commission finds that the request for reimbursement for acquiring or developing new technology and equipment is denied, because there is no evidence that these activities are reasonably necessary to implement the limited approved activities in this claim.

## 4. On-Going Activity: Providing a Copy of a Disclosable Electronic Record

The test claim statement of decision approved reimbursement for *providing a copy of an electronic record* as follows:

If requested by a person making a public records request for a public record kept in an electronic format, provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies. <sup>52</sup>

LA County has proposed reimbursement for the following, citing the same code section as authority, as was relied upon in the test claim statement of decision:

Determining whether electronic records or parts thereof are not subject to statutory and case law exemptions in order to determine if such records are disclosable. (Gov. Code, § 6253.9, subd. (a)(2) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982)).

- a. Receiving, logging and tracking oral (in-person or telephone), written, e-mail and fax requests for electronic public records.
- b. Determining whether the electronic public records request falls within the agency's jurisdiction.
- c. Determining whether the request reasonably describes any identifiable electronic records(s) and conferring with the requestor if clarification is needed.
- d. Meeting and/or conferring with specialized systems and/or other local agency staff to identify access to pertinent electronic records. If external public entities have oversight and/or ownership of the requested electronic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 27 [citing Government Code section 6253.9, as amended by Statutes 2000, chapter 982].

- data or information, meeting and/or conferring with those entities to provide the requested electronic data or information.
- e. Conducting legal reviews, research and analysis of the requested *electronic record(s) to determine if the requested electronic record(s) or* parts thereof are subject to statutory and case law disclaimers, i.e. are disclosable. Reimbursement includes, but is not limited to, legal staff and/or legal contract services costs and the associated costs of legal data base services.
- f. *Processing the requested electronic record(s) or parts thereof that are* disclosable.
- g. Reviewing the electronic record(s) to be sent to the requestor to ensure compliance with statutory and case law exemptions.
- h. Preparing, and obtaining supervisory approval and signature of, correspondence accompanying the requested electronic record(s).
- i. Copying or saving electronic record(s) and accompanying correspondence.
- j. Sending or transmitting the electronic records to the requestor.
- k. Tracking the shipment of requested CPRA electronic records. 53

LA County's proposed reimbursable activities under this heading suggest that "provid[ing] a copy of a disclosable electronic record," as was approved in the test claim statement of decision, necessarily implies making a determination as to whether the record is disclosable. As the test claim statement of decision explored at length, the making of a determination whether a record or part thereof is disclosable is not new. The test claim statement of decision makes clear that local government claimants would have been required under prior law to determine whether a record is disclosable under statutory and case law exemptions, in order to make a record "open to inspection by every person at all times during the office hours of the local agency and [school district]."<sup>54</sup> The activity of making that determination is no different whether the determination applies to electronic records or physical records. Therefore the activities proposed above are not new. Furthermore, the Commission found in the test claim statement of decision that the process of determining that a portion of a record is exempt from disclosure and redacting the document was not new. The Commission found that "[p]rior to the 1981 amendment courts already held

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, at pp. 6-7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 12, [citing former Government Code section 6253 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473)].

that the CPRA requires segregation of exempt materials from nonexempt materials contained in a single document and to make the nonexempt materials open for inspection and copying."<sup>55</sup>

The activity that was approved, read in context of the test claim analysis, includes only the marginal increase in service to provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record, in an electronic format requested, as specified; the activity does not include the determination of whether a record is disclosable, and does not include the provision of a copy of a public record. Any of the activities described above that relate to the making of a determination whether a record is disclosable are denied, because that determination was required under prior law, in order to make records available for inspection and to provide copies upon request. In fact, even the 1968 statute required disclosure of electronic data: "[c]omputer data shall be provided in a form determined by the agency."<sup>56</sup> The inclusion of "computer data," though vague, expresses the Legislature's intent that electronic records should receive differential treatment only insofar as the form in which they would be provided, and further reinforces the view, as found in the test claim statement of decision, that determining whether records are disclosable is not new, and therefore not reimbursable, even where the records are in electronic form. Additionally, any of the above activities related to receiving, logging, tracking of requests, or copying, saving, sending, or transmitting the records requested are not new. These activities are either within the scope of providing access to and copies of physical records under the 1968 statute, or they are not within the scope of the amended statute.

In comments submitted in response to the draft staff analysis, Cost Recovery Systems, Inc. (CRS) objects to this view, and argues that the approved activity in the test claim statement of decision includes sending the records, as part of the new program or higher level of service approved. CRS claims that the above analysis contradicts the test claim statement of decision. But CRS' view can only be supported if the phrase "provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record" is read in isolation, and the remainder of the same sentence, "in the electronic format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies," is ignored, and the analysis of prior law in the test claim statement of decision was that providing a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the format requested, as specified, was a new activity. The higher level of service is imposed by expressly requiring disclosure of public records in electronic format, in addition to physical format required under prior law. The test claim statement of decision analyzed at length what was required under prior law, and in fact makes very plain that the provision of copies or exact copies of identifiable disclosable public records has been required since 1968:

Former Government Code sections 6256 and 6257 provided:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 13[citing former Government Code section 6257 and *Nor Cal. Police Practices* (1979) 90 Cal.App.3d 116, p. 123-124].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> Former Government Code section 6256 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473).

6256. Any person may receive a copy of any identifiable public record or shall be provided with a copy of all information contained therein. Computer data shall be provided in a form determined by the agency.

6257. A request for a copy of an identifiable public record or information produced therefrom, or certified copy of such record, shall be accompanied by payment of a reasonable fee or deposit established by the state or local agency, or the prescribed statutory fee, where applicable. <sup>57</sup>

As articulated throughout this analysis, the test claim statement of decision approved only an incremental increase in service: where an electronic format requested is one that the agency has used, the agency must provide the requested records in that format. Provision of the records is not a new activity.

The activities requested for reimbursement above, under this heading, are therefore denied. The activity of providing a copy of a disclosable electronic record, in an electronic format requested, exactly as approved in the test claim statement of decision, is included in the parameters and guidelines.

However, the test claim statutes, as interpreted by the courts, imply that the activity of "providing a copy of a disclosable electronic record" may at times be more involved than simply copying, redacting, and emailing a document. Section 6253.9(b) provides, in pertinent part:

[T]he requester shall bear the cost of producing a copy of the record, including the cost to construct a record, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce a copy of the record when either of the following applies:

- (1) In order to comply with the provisions of subdivision (a), the public agency would be required to produce a copy of an electronic record and the record is one that is produced only at otherwise regularly scheduled intervals.
- (2) The request would require data compilation, extraction, or programming to produce the record.

This section does not impose an explicit mandate to conduct activities related to data compilation, extraction, or programming, or a mandate to provide a copy of a record that is produced only at otherwise regularly scheduled intervals. But the section implies that such activities might from time to time be required. However, the section also provides new fee authority to cover those activities. Furthermore, the Attorney General of California assumes, in a published opinion analyzing section 6253.9, that a request for electronic records might "require data compilation, extraction, or programming to produce the record;" and that in that event the fee authorized under section 6253.9 "may additionally include 'the cost to construct [the] record, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce a copy of the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 14 [citing Former Government Code sections 6256 and 6257 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473)].

record."<sup>58</sup> This comports with the broad definition of "public records," and the emphasis on the disclosure of "information," rather than individual documents.<sup>59</sup>

The same interpretation is accorded in *County of Santa Clara v. Superior Court* (Cal. Ct. App. 6th Dist. 2009) 170 Cal.App.4th 1301. In that case the court found that section 6253.9 permitted the county to charge the requestor fees in excess of the direct cost of duplicating the records, where the county was being asked to produce electronic records "at an unscheduled interval." The court remanded the case to resolve a factual dispute but first recognized that, if excess costs were shown, the agency may charge "the cost to construct a record, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce a copy of the record..." pursuant to section 6253.9(b).

The Commission therefore finds that providing a copy of an electronic record may include compiling information from disparate sources, extracting information from larger data sets, or writing computer programs or code to cull information, in order to generate an electronic record. However, the Commission also finds that the test claim statutes provide fee authority to offset the requirement to "provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested," as discussed below, including fee authority to offset the costs of compiling, extracting, or otherwise generating an electronic record. The SCO is authorized to reduce reimbursement for these activities accordingly, as discussed below. The parameters and guidelines contain the following approved activity:

Provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies. (Gov. Code, § 6253.9(a)(2), Stats. 2000, ch. 982).

This activity includes:

- a. Computer programming, extraction, or compiling necessary to produce disclosable records.
- b. Producing a copy of an electronic record that is otherwise produced only at regularly scheduled intervals.

Reimbursement is not required for the activities of making the determination whether a record is disclosable, receiving the request for records, determining whether the request falls within the agency's jurisdiction, determining whether

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Exhibit X, 88 Ops. Cal. Atty. Gen. 153 (2005).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 5; Government Code section 6250 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473) ["access to information concerning the conduct of the people's business is a fundamental and necessary right of every person in this state"].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> County of Santa Clara v. Superior Court (Cal. Ct. App. 6th Dist. 2009) 170 Cal. App. 4th 1301, at p. 1337.

the request describes reasonably identifiable records, identifying access to records, conducting legal review to determine whether the records are disclosable, processing the records, sending the records, or tracking the records.

Fee authority discussed in section VII. of these parameters and guidelines is available to be applied to the costs of this activity. The Controller is authorized to reduce reimbursement for this activity to the extent of fee authority, as described in section VII.

LA County has proposed a number of changes to the above activity, including re-inserting language providing for reimbursement of technology and equipment costs, and eliminating the above limitation that reimbursement is not required for the costs of determining whether a request describes reasonably identifiable records and identifying access to those records. The "pro rata costs of purchasing and installing software systems permitting keyword searches" is not supported on the record here; the requirement to provide electronic records in a format requested only applies if the format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use. There is no requirement that all records be made available electronically. The test claim statute does now require an agency to assist a member of the public in making an effective request, but that still fails to justify a complete overhaul of local government's recordkeeping, as implied by LA County's request. The pro rata costs of software systems requested are denied. Each of the remaining changes proposed is discussed in other sections of this analysis, and needs no further explanation here. The proposed changes are not incorporated in the parameters and guidelines.

# 5. On-Going Activities: Responding to a Public Records Act Request Within 10 Days With Either a Notice of Disclosure Determination or Notice of Extension; and, Where a Request is Denied, Responding to the Requestor in Writing.

In the test claim statement of decision the Commission approved reimbursement for three separate activities conducted in response to a public records request, as follows:

Within 10 days from receipt of a request for a copy of records determine whether the request, in whole or in part, seeks copies of disclosable public records in the possession of the local agency or K-14 district and notify the person making the request of the determination and the reasons for the determination. (Gov. Code, § 6253, subd. (c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982).)

If the 10-day time limit of Government Code section 6253 is extended by a local agency or K-14 district due to "unusual circumstances" as defined by Government Code section 6253, subdivision (c)(1)-(4) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982), the agency head, or his or her designee, shall provide written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons of the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched. (Gov. Code, § 6253, subd. (c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982).)

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If a request is denied, in whole or in part, respond in writing to a written request for inspection or copies of public records that includes a determination that the request is denied. (Gov. Code, § 6255, subd. (b) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982).)

These three activities are analyzed together for purposes of these parameters and guidelines, and listed together in section IV.B., because, in practice, they impact one another. Note also that the response made within 10 days need not be in writing. Only a notice of extension of the 10 day time limit, or a determination that the records are exempt from disclosure must be made in writing. Therefore oral or telephone notice must be included as a reimbursable means of compliance for the initial notice of the disclosure determination.

a. Within 10 days, provide notice of the disclosure determination.

With respect to the first activity approved under section 6253, LA County has proposed reimbursement for the following:

Within 10 days, determining whether records or parts thereof are not subject to statutory and case law exemptions in order to determine if such records are disclosable; and, developing or reviewing language to notify the person making the request of the determination and the reasons for the determination. ((Gov. Code, § 6253, subd. (c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982)).

- a. Receiving, logging and tracking oral (in-person or telephone), written, email and fax requests to comply with the 10 day time limit to notify the requestor if the requested record(s) or parts thereof are disclosable and the reason for the determination.
- b. Determining whether the public record(s) request falls within the agency's jurisdiction.
- c. Determining whether the request reasonably describes any identifiable records(s) and conferring with the requestor if clarification is needed.
- d. Meeting and/or conferring with local agency staff to identify access to pertinent records. If external public entities have oversight and/or ownership of the requested data or information, meeting and/or conferring with those entities to provide the requested data or information.
- e. Conducting legal reviews, research and analysis of the requested records to determine if the requested electronic record(s) or parts thereof are subject to statutory and case law disclaimers, i.e. are disclosable. Reimbursement includes, but is not limited to, legal staff and/or legal contract services costs and the costs of legal data base services.
- f. Within 10 days of receipt of the public record(s) request, developing and reviewing language to notify the requestor of the disclosure determination and the reasons for the determination.
- g. Processing and reviewing the record(s) to be sent to the requestor to ensure compliance with statutory and case law exemptions.

- h. Preparing, and obtaining supervisory approval and signature of, correspondence accompanying the requested record(s).
- i. Copying or saving record(s) and accompanying correspondence.
- j. Sending or transmitting the records to the requestor.
- k. Tracking the shipment of requested CPRA records. 61

As discussed above, the determination whether a record is disclosable and the provision of copies upon request, are not new activities and so are not reimbursable. The approved newly-mandated activity is to provide notice to the requestor of the determination within 10 days. This is an *incremental* increase in service, and the focus is not *whether the records are disclosable*, as implied by the claimant's proposed activities, but providing notice to the requestor within 10 days. The plain language of the statute does not impose a requirement to provide the records within 10 days, only to *provide notice* (verbal or written) to the requestor of the determination on the request.

As discussed throughout this analysis, and in the test claim statement of decision, prior law provided for "the right of every person to inspect any public record, with exceptions." The Commission found, in the test claim statement of decision, that "[s]ince 1968, local agencies and K-14 districts were required to make public records open to inspection at all times during the office hours of the local agencies and K-14 districts, by every person, except for public records exempted from disclosure or prohibited from disclosure." The Commission also found that "the general duty to make any reasonably segregable portion of a record available for inspection" was not a new program or higher level of service as compared with prior law. Moreover, the Commission found that, "since 1968 public agencies were required to provide copies or exact copies of public records upon a request of identifiable public records." The test claim statement of decision also found that the determination whether and to what extent a record is disclosable was not a new activity subject to reimbursement. Therefore, the duty to make a determination as to what records or parts of records were exempt from disclosure or prohibited from disclosure is not a new program or higher level of service. Only the requirement to notify the requestor within 10 days is new.

Receiving, logging, and tracking public records requests, as well as determining whether the agency has jurisdiction over the request, and whether the request describes reasonably

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, at pp. 8-9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at pp. 13-14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> Id. at p.14. citing former Government Code sections 6256 and 6257as adopted by Statutes 1968, chapter 1473.

identifiable records, are all requirements of the public records act under prior law. Similarly, identifying access to pertinent records and conducting legal review would have been required under prior law. Processing and reviewing the records for compliance, as well as preparing supervisory approval and signature of correspondence, copying or saving records and correspondence, sending the records, and tracking shipment are all activities that were required, at least in analog, with respect to physical records subject to disclosure under prior law. Therefore, items (a.) through (e.), and (g.) through (k.), above, are either duplicative or not *new* mandated activities, and must be denied.

The Commission finds that item (f.) - Within 10 days of receipt of the public record(s) request, developing and reviewing language to notify the requestor of the disclosure determination and the reasons for the determination - reasonably defines the mandate to provide notice to the requestor within 10 days, and this activity is therefore approved.

In its comments submitted in response to the draft staff analysis, CRS proposed altering the approved activity, on the ground that "developing and reviewing language to notify" was ambiguous. CRS suggested applying the same phrasing as the activity of *notifying a requestor when a determination cannot be made within 10 days*, as discussed below. <sup>66</sup> The Commission agrees that the phrase "drafting, editing, and reviewing a written notice," as applied in that context, is more specific and clear, and the parameters and guidelines will therefore adjust the phrasing suggested by LA County. CRS also proposed allowing for an oral notification, and reimbursing staff time to make that notification. The Commission finds that orally notifying the requestor is within the scope of the approved activity. Finally, CRS proposed reimbursement for obtaining supervisory review and sending the notice to the requestor, as those activities are approved in a similar context below, where the determination cannot be made within 10 days. The Commission finds that obtaining supervisory review and sending the required notice to the requestor are reasonably within the scope of the approved activity, and are not requirements of prior law. The parameters and guidelines reflect this analysis.

Finally, the activity approved for reimbursement in the conclusion of the test claim statement of decision is written vaguely enough to be interpreted as encompassing activities beyond those approved in the body of the analysis, if not read in the context of the analysis, which are beyond the higher level of service imposed by the test claim statute. For this reason, the Commission here defines the scope approved activity to appropriately limit reimbursement to the scope of the test claim statement of decision and the higher level of service imposed by the test claim statutes and to exclude reimbursement for requirements of prior law.

The parameters and guidelines authorize reimbursement for the following activity:

Beginning January 1, 2002, within 10 days from receipt of a request for a copy of records, provide verbal or written notice to the person making the request of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> Exhibit G, CRS Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at p. 2.

disclosure determination and the reasons for the determination. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c), Stats. 2001, ch. 982).

This activity includes, where applicable:

- 1) Drafting, editing and reviewing a written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons for the determination.
- 2) Obtaining agency head, or his or her designee, approval and signature of a written notice of determination.
- *3)* Sending or transmitting the notice to the requestor.

With respect to the second activity approved under section 6253, providing a reason for an extension of time, LA County has proposed reimbursement for the following:

If the 10-day time limit of Government Code section 6253 is extended by a local agency or K-14 district due to "unusual circumstances" as defined by Government Code section 6253, subdivision (c)(1)-(4) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982), the agency head, or his or her designee, shall provide written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons of the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched. (Gov. Code, § 6253, subd. (c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982)).

- a. Reviewing the following "unusual circumstances" (in Government Code section 6253, subdivision (c)(l)-(4)) to determine which are relevant in justifying an extension of the 10 day time limit in providing the requested document(s).
  - i. The need to search for and collect the requested records from field facilities or other establishments that are separate from the office processing the request.
  - ii. The need to search for, collect, and appropriately examine a voluminous amount of separate and distinct records that are demanded in a single request.
  - iii. The need for consultation, which shall be conducted with all practicable speed, with another agency having substantial interest in the determination of the request or among two or more components of the agency having substantial subject matter interest therein.
  - iv. The need to compile data, to write programming language or a computer program, or to construct a computer report to extract data.
- b. Meeting and/or conferring with local agency staff, including legal staff, to determine the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched to the person making the request. If other establishments have oversight

- and/or ownership of the requested data or information, meeting and/or conferring with those staff to ascertain an expected determination date.
- c. Drafting, editing and reviewing a written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons of the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched.
- d. Preparing, and obtaining agency head, or his or her designee, approval and signature of, the extension notice and accompanying correspondence.
- e. Copying or saving the extension notice and accompanying correspondence.
- f. Sending or transmitting the notice and accompanying correspondence to the requestor.
- g. Tracking delivery of the notice and accompanying correspondence to the requestor. <sup>67</sup>

The Commission approved, in the test claim statement of decision, reimbursement for "providing written notice" to a requestor when the 10-day time limit must be extended due to unusual circumstances. Based on the intent of the amendments made to CPRA that are the subject of this test claim, this activity should be read as narrowly as possible. The intent and purpose of the amendments to CPRA was to promote access to public records and accountability to the public, and to remedy existing failures in the administration of the CPRA, by providing more specific guidelines for agencies and school districts to respond promptly to public records requests.

Item a. above, restates the "unusual circumstances" that are provided in the test claim statute to justify an extension of time beyond the 10-day time limit, and provides reimbursement for the decisionmaking process of selecting an appropriate justification. The activity approved in the statement of decision is to prepare and send written notice to the requestor when the 10-day time limit cannot be met due to unusual circumstances. The circumstances are enumerated in the code and need not be repeated. Item a. and its sub-parts are therefore denied.

Item b. above is not sufficiently specific. As discussed above, the claimants have not submitted substantial evidence to defend the reasonably necessary activities proposed, and the activity of meeting or conferring with other staff to determine the date on which the determination can be expected is not sufficiently distinguished from item c., "drafting, editing, and reviewing..." Item b. is therefore denied.

Items c. and d. are reasonably within the scope of the mandate. As discussed above, the 10-day time limit is new, and was approved, as was the requirement to inform a requestor when the 10-day time limit must be extended. In the case an extension is necessary, a written notice is due the requestor, identifying the reasons for the extension and the date on which a determination is expected. Items c. and d. include drafting and reviewing that notice, and obtaining the signature

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, at pp. 9-10.

of the agency head or his or her designee. These activities are consistent with the mandated activity, are reasonably necessary to comply with the mandated activity, and are therefore approved.

Item e. is denied: there is no requirement to copy or save the notice prepared for the requestor, only to "provide written notice to the person." It may be a policy of the agencies to save the notice prepared for the requestor, but that activity is not necessary to perform the mandated activity of "providing" written notice.

Item f., to send or transmit the notice, is approved. As discussed above, the requirement to inform the requestor if the 10-day time limit cannot be met is new, and in order to inform the requestor, a written notice must be sent or transmitted. This activity is reasonably within the scope of the approved activity.

Item g. is denied: there is no requirement to track delivery of the written notice or accompanying correspondence.

Items c., d., and f. reasonably describe and explain the process of providing notice to a requestor that the 10-day time limit must be extended, consistently with the activities approved in the test claim statement of decision. These activities are reasonably within the scope of the mandate and are therefore approved.

Thus, the parameters and guidelines authorize reimbursement for the following activity:

b. Beginning January 1, 2002, if the 10-day time limit to notify the person making the records request of the disclosure determination is extended due to "unusual circumstances" as defined by Government Code section 6253(c)(1)-(4) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982), the agency head, or his or her designee, shall provide written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons of the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c), Stats. 2001, ch. 982).

This activity includes, where applicable:

- 1) Drafting, editing and reviewing a written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons for the extension of time.
- 2) Obtaining agency head, or his or her designee, approval and signature of, the notice of determination or notice of extension.
- *3) Sending or transmitting the notice to the requestor.*
- b. When a written request is denied, respond in writing.

With respect to the activity approved under section 6255, providing a written response to a written request for inspection or copies of records when the request is denied, LA County has proposed reimbursement for the following:

If a request is denied, in whole or in part, preparing or reviewing a written response to a written request for inspection or copies of public records that

includes a determination that the request is denied. (Gov. Code § 6255, subd. (b) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982)).

- a. Meeting and/or conferring with staff, including but not limited to legal staff, to review and finalize the analysis, findings and conclusions providing the basis for the denial determination.
- b. Drafting and editing a written response that includes a determination that the request is denied.
- c. Preparing, and obtaining agency head, or his or her designee, approval and signature of, the denial response and accompanying correspondence.
- d. Copying or saving the written denial response and accompanying correspondence.
- e. Copying or saving the denial response and accompanying correspondence.
- f. Sending the denial response and accompanying correspondence to the requestor.
- g. Tracking delivery of the denial response and accompanying correspondence to the requestor.<sup>68</sup>

The requirement to provide a written response is new, and was expressly approved in the test claim statement of decision, as provided above. The incremental increase in service here is to provide the determination in writing, and not to make the determination, as repeated throughout this analysis. LA County, in its comments filed in response to the draft staff analysis, argues that staff inappropriately denied reimbursement for "all legal services," and that "the Commission's [test claim statement of] decision does not deny reimbursement for all legal services." LA County argues that the test claim statement of decision "only denies reimbursement for legal service when performed to determine whether the requested records are disclosable." <sup>69</sup> The Commission agrees that the test claim statement of decision denied legal research and review to determine whether a record is disclosable, and throughout this analysis the same approach is adopted. LA County cites to the Commission's hearing on the test claim, in which Commissioner Alex stated, "...the idea that you need some legal advice on how to proceed initially is pretty clear."<sup>70</sup> It is not clear, from the county's reliance on this off-hand remark, or from the comments on the draft staff analysis, exactly what sort of legal services the county proposes for reimbursement. If the "legal advice on how to proceed initially" is encompassed in the training of existing employees and the development of policies and procedures with respect

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, at p. 12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Exhibit H, LA County Comments on Draft Staff Analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at p. 1.

to the activities approved by the Commission, those activities are approved above. If the county proposes any other legal services or advice for reimbursement, those activities must be distinguished from legal review regarding disclosure. It is not the Commission's purview to assume or otherwise guess the activities for which claimants might wish to claim reimbursement; a successful claimant must describe the activities for which reimbursement is sought with some particularity. The Commission holds to the test claim analysis, finding that legal review for purposes of determining whether requested records are disclosable is not reimbursable. However, the Commission does recognize that a denial of a request under CPRA may lead to litigation. Therefore review of the language in the written notice by an agency's legal staff may be necessary, and is reasonably within the scope of providing a written notice when a request is denied.

Additionally, as discussed above in similar context, drafting and editing a response, obtaining approval and signature of the denial response, and sending the response are also within the scope of the approved activity.

Item d. is not required: there is no requirement to copy or save the denial response, and no consequence for failure to do so; it may be a policy of the agencies to save denial responses, but it is not required by the statute. Item e. is duplicative, and is not required, and is therefore denied. Item g. is not established as necessary; there would seem to be no consequence in the test claim statute for failing to track delivery of a denial response.

The parameters and guidelines identify the following activities for reimbursement:

c. Beginning July 1, 2001, if a request is denied, in whole or in part, respond in writing to a written request for inspection or copies of public records that includes a determination that the request is denied. (Gov. Code, § 6255(b) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982)).

This activity includes, where applicable:

- 1) Drafting, editing and reviewing a written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons for the determination. This may include legal review of the written language in the notice. However, legal research and review of the law and facts that form the basis of the denial are not reimbursable.
- 2) Obtaining agency head, or his or her designee, approval and signature of, the notice of determination.
- *3) Sending or transmitting the notice to the requestor.*
- c. Limiting language applicable to these three activities.

The three activities described under section 4., above, providing notice of the disclosure determination in response to a public records act request within 10 days; providing notice of an extension when the 10-day time limit cannot be met; and, where a request is denied, responding to the requestor in writing; are all limited by the same prior law requirements. Prior law required a determination regarding whether records were disclosable; prior law required receiving and

processing public records requests; prior law required determining whether records were within the jurisdiction and possession of the agency; and prior law required sending or transmitting the records, if the request was granted. Therefore, the following limits on reimbursement are included in the parameters and guidelines after activity c.:

Reimbursement for activities 2a., 2b., and 2c.is not required for making the determination whether a record is disclosable, receiving the request for records, determining whether the request falls within the agency's jurisdiction, determining whether the request describes reasonably identifiable records, identifying access to records, conducting legal review to determine whether the records are disclosable, processing the records, sending the records, or tracking the records.

## 6. On-Going Activity: Assisting the Public in Making Effective Records Requests

The test claim statement of decision approved reimbursement for the following:

When a member of the public requests to inspect a public record or obtain a copy of a public record:

- a. Assist the member of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated:
- b. Describe the information technology and physical location in which the records exist; and
- c. Provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

*These activities are not reimbursable when:* 

- The public records requested are made available to the member of the public through the procedures set forth in Government Code section 6253;
- The public agency determines that the request should be denied and bases that determination solely on an exemption listed in Government Code section 6254; or
- The public agency makes available an index of its records. (Gov. Code, § 6253.1(a) and (d) (Stats. 2001, ch. 355)). 71

LA County has proposed reimbursement for the following:

When a member of the public requests to inspect a public record or obtain a copy of a public record:

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 28.

- a. assist the member of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated;
- b. describe the information technology and physical location in which the records exist; and
- c. provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

# To implement Sections (9) a., b., c. (above):

- (i) Receiving, logging and tracking oral (in-person or telephone), written, e-mail and fax requests to comply with public requests to inspect a public record or obtain a copy of a public record.
- (ii) Determining whether the public record(s) request falls within the agency's jurisdiction.
- (iii) Determining whether the request reasonably describes any identifiable records(s) and conferring with the requestor if clarification is needed.
- (iv) Meeting and/or conferring with local agency staff to identify access to pertinent records. If external public entities have oversight and/or ownership of the requested data or information, meeting and/or conferring with those entities to provide the requested data or information.
- (v) Conducting legal reviews, research and analysis of the requested records to determine if the requested record(s) or parts thereof are subject to statutory and case law disclaimers, i.e. are disclosable. Reimbursement includes, but is not limited to, legal staff and/or legal contract services costs and the costs of legal data base services.
- (vi) Identifying litigation, claims, and related record(s) which may be disclosable and may be responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated; and provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.
- (vii) Developing and reviewing language to notify the requestor of the disclosure determination and the reasons for the determination.
- (viii) Processing and reviewing the record(s) to be sent to the requestor to ensure compliance with statutory and case law exemptions.
- (ix) Preparing, and obtaining supervisory approval and signature of, correspondence accompanying the requested record(s).
- (x) Copying or saving record(s) and accompanying correspondence.

(xi) Sending or transmitting the records to the requestor.

*These activities are not reimbursable when:* 

- 1) the public records requested are made available to the member of the public through the procedures set forth in Government Code section 6253;
- 2) the public agency determines that the request should be denied and bases that determination solely on an exemption listed in Government Code section 6254; or
- 3) the public agency makes available an index of its records. (Gov. Code,§ 6253.1, subds. (a) and (d) (Stats. 2001, ch. 355)).<sup>72</sup>

In its comments on the draft staff analysis, LA County proposed isolating public records requests that require assistance to the requestor, and treating them differently from all other requests, ensuring that such requests are fully reimbursable, including activities specifically denied in the test claim decision if assistance to the requestor is involved. For example, where staff recommended approving reimbursement for *providing a copy of a disclosable electronic record in an electronic format*, as discussed above, staff also recommended the following limitation:

This activity does not include, and reimbursement is not required for the costs of determining whether the record is disclosable; receiving public records act requests; tracking requests; processing requests; determining whether a request describes reasonably identifiable records and identifying access to those records; retrieving records, or sending the records to the requestor.

## LA County proposed to add, and to strike, the following language:

This activity does not include, and reimbursement is not required for the costs of determining whether the record is disclosable; receiving public records act requests not requiring assistance to the requestor in making a focused and effective search; tracking requests not requiring assistance to the requestor in making a focused and effective search; processing requests not requiring assistance to the requestor in making a focused and effective search; determining whether a request describes reasonably identifiable records and identifying access to those records; retrieving records, or sending the records to the requestor.

Similar language, if not identical, is proposed for a number of other activities in the proposed parameters and guidelines, including the activity of providing assistance to the public in making effective public records act requests, as discussed in this section.<sup>73</sup> Other than the three declarations discussed above, which contain nothing more than bare assertion, LA County has submitted no evidence or explanation that would justify reimbursement for receipt of a records

<sup>73</sup> See e.g., Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at pp. 8; 9; 11.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Exhibit C, LA County's Proposed Parameters and Guidelines, at pp. 10-12.

request that requires assistance to the requestor; or for tracking and processing such a request. The higher level of service approved is to provide assistance to the public in making an effective records request; there is no implication that handling the records request, once made, is a new program or higher level of service. The underlying prior law requirements to provide access to disclosable records, and to provide copies or exact copies, as discussed above, apply with equal force to public records act requests that require assistance to the requestor.<sup>74</sup> There is no evidence that tracking or processing a request is necessary, or if necessary, that tracking and processing are not requirements of prior law; and, receipt of records requests is clearly not new, as discussed throughout this analysis. The declarations submitted state that these activities are necessary to provide the records in a timely and cost-efficient manner, but there is nothing in the language of the statute, or implied by the test claim statute or any of the test claim findings that would justify reimbursement for activities that are either not new, or not required. Providing the records in a timely manner was always a requirement; 75 it was simply not adequately implemented. Moreover, cost-efficiency is not a requirement of CPRA; there is no suggestion that cost should be a factor in refusing disclosure, or that the state has any interest in making the CPRA requirements inexpensive for local government; the focus has always been on the public's right to access information.<sup>76</sup> The language that LA County proposes to add must be denied. The language that LA County proposes to strike is addressed below.

Proposed reimbursable activities (i) and (ii) above – receiving public records requests and determining whether the request is within the agency's jurisdiction – are not new. As discussed throughout this analysis, agencies had a duty under prior law to receive public records requests; and the duty to determine whether the request is within the agency's jurisdiction is implied from the duty to determine whether a record is disclosable. Similarly, activities (iv), (v), (vii), and (viii), above, restate the legal review that would be required under prior law pursuant to the requirement to make all public records available, subject to exemptions. Items (iv) and (v) describe the process of identifying access to requested records and reviewing for disclosable material (i.e., reviewing for exemptions from disclosure), and items (vii) and (viii) describe the making of the disclosure determination and the review of that determination. All four of these activities were required under prior law, and none relate to or explain the activity of assisting the public with an effective records request. Item (ix) is duplicative, and does not relate to or explain the activity of assisting the public in making an effective request. Items (ix) and (x) are

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Former Government Code sections 6253; 6256; 6257 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> Former Government Code section 6253 required records to be open to inspection during regular business hours; this implies that records should be made available on demand.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> See Former Government Code section 6250 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473) ["In enacting this chapter, the Legislature, mindful of the right of individuals to privacy, finds and declares that access to information concerning the conduct of the people's business is a fundamental and necessary right of every citizen of this state."].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> See Exhibit X, Government Code 6253 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473).

not required activities, where public records are to be disclosed: an agency head is only required to sign a determination that records will not be disclosed, or a notice of extension of the time limit. And there is no requirement to copy or save records and accompanying correspondence; the requirement is merely to send the records. Thus, the activity to copy or save records is not reasonably necessary to implement the mandate to "send" the records. Item (xi) is required, but is not new: disclosable records would have to be sent or transmitted under prior law as well.

The requirement that local agencies and school districts must assist members of the public in making an effective public records act request is new, as approved in the test claim statement of decision, but is only an incremental increase in service, as discussed in similar context above. Therefore, items (i), (ii), (iv), (v), (vii), (viii), (ix), (x), and (xi) are not reasonably necessary to comply with the incremental increase in service.

Activity (vi) "Identifying litigation, claims, and related record(s)" is narrower than the requirement the test claim statute (which requires "identifying records and information which may be disclosable and may be responsive...")<sup>78</sup> and is redundant. Therefore, it is denied as written. The intent of placing the burden on the agency to assist the public in making an effective records request necessarily includes identifying records and information which "may be disclosable and may be responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request." The intent of the statutory change, and the activity approved in the test claim statement of decision, is to require an agency to interpret a request generously, with a bias toward identifying all relevant information. However, this activity not does not include determining whether such relevant information is disclosable, since that activity is not new and was specifically denied in the test claim statement of decision,

Thus, of the above activities, only a portion of activity (iii), "[d]etermining whether the request reasonably describes any identifiable records(s) and conferring with the requestor if clarification is needed," is reasonably within the scope of the approved activity of assisting the public. Activity (iii), is therefore partially approved: "conferring with the requestor" for clarification is implied by the statutory change and the activity as approved in the test claim statement of decision. But "[d]etermining whether the request reasonably describes any identifiable records(s)" is not new; this is an essential part of providing access to or copies of disclosable public records, as required under provisions of CPRA dating back to 1968. In light of this long-standing requirement of prior law, in many of the approved activities in the draft proposed parameters and guidelines, staff recommended including the following limiting language:

Reimbursement is not required for the activities of making the determination whether a record is disclosable, receiving the request for records, determining

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Government Code section 6253.1 (Stats. 2001, ch. 355 (AB 1014)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Former Government Code section 6256 (Stats. 1968, ch. 1473) ["Any person may receive a copy of any identifiable public record or shall be provided with a copy of all information contained therein."].

whether the request falls within the agency's jurisdiction, determining whether the request describes reasonably identifiable records, identifying access to records...

In each activity to which this limiting language was applied, LA County proposed striking the phrase "determining whether the request describes reasonably identifiable records, [and] identifying access to records..." LA County did not explain this proposed change, other than to reiterate, in each of the three *new declarations*, that "I declare on information and belief that the Commission staff fairly state the activities reasonably necessary in implementing new CPRA services *except for the changes I recommend which are found (highlighted) in Attachment A.*"80 As discussed in this section, determining whether a request describes reasonably identifiable records is not new. And, as discussed above, the declarations indicate no consideration of prior law, and therefore cannot be relied upon in conducting a mandates analysis. The limitation on reimbursement is left intact in the proposed parameters and guidelines, including the approved activity of assisting the public; LA County's proposed changes are denied.

The Commission finds that activity (iii), above, is partially approved. The parameters and guidelines authorize reimbursement for the following activities:

When a member of the public requests to inspect a public record or obtain a copy of a public record, the local agency or K-14 school district shall (1) assist the member of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated; (2) describe the information technology and physical location in which the records exist; and (3) provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

#### This activity includes:

- i. Conferring with the requestor if clarification is needed to identify records requested.
- ii. Identifying record(s) and information which may be disclosable and may be responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated.
- iii. Providing suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

These activities are not reimbursable when: (1) the public records requested are made available to the member of the public through the procedures set forth in Government Code section 6253; (2) the public agency determines that the request should be denied and bases that determination solely on an exemption listed in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at pp. 2-4.

Government Code section 6254; or (3) the public agency makes available an index of its records. (Gov. Code, § 6253.1(a) and (d) (Stats. 2001, ch. 355)).

In addition, reimbursement is not required for the activities of making the determination whether a record is disclosable, receiving the request for records, determining whether the request falls within the agency's jurisdiction, conducting legal review, processing the records, obtaining supervisory review, sending the records, or tracking the records.

# 7. On-Going Activity: Redaction and Removal of Home Addresses and Telephone Numbers Upon Request, for K-12 School Districts Only.

The remaining activities approved in the parameters and guidelines for Government Code section 6254.3 are those affecting only school districts, and are approved as written in the test claim statement of decision, with only slight reorganization. Those activities are, in summary, to "redact or withhold the home address and telephone number of employees of K-12 school districts and county offices of education from records that contain disclosable information," and to "remove the home address and telephone number of an employee from any mailing lists that the K-12 school district or county office of education is legally required to maintain, if requested by the employee, except for lists used exclusively by the K-12 school district or county office of education to contact the employee." The Commission approves these activities, as stated in the test claim statement of decision, without substantial analysis.

#### 8. Time Studies

In the revised proposed parameters and guidelines LA County proposed allowing actual cost claiming by way of time studies. Staff did not include this language in the draft parameters and guidelines because it was not addressed in the claimant's narrative, and the Commission's boilerplate language does not normally include provision for time studies.

In its comments on the draft staff analysis, LA County has requested inclusion of language in the parameters and guidelines authorizing claiming through time studies. <sup>82</sup> The language requested by LA County is not justified on the record, but the following is inserted in the parameters and guidelines, recognizing that time studies are a claiming tool that has been approved in prior test claims:

Claimants may use time studies to support salary, benefit, and associated indirect costs when an activity is task-repetitive. Activities that require varying levels of effort are not appropriate for time studies. Time study usage is subject to the review and audit conducted by the State Controller's Office.

<sup>82</sup> Exhibit H, LA County's Comments on Draft Staff Analysis, at pp. 12-13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>81</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 27.

## C. Offsetting Revenues (Section VII. of Parameters and Guidelines)

In adopting parameters and guidelines, the Commission is required by Government Code section 17557 to determine the "amount to be subvened" under the Constitution. Specifically, the Commission's regulations require parameters and guidelines to identify offsetting revenues that may apply to the program as follows:

- i. Dedicated state and federal funds appropriated for this program
- ii. Non-local agency funds dedicated for this program.
- iii. Local agency's general purpose funds for this program.
- iv. Fee authority to offset partial costs of this program. 83

The SCO has the authority to reduce reimbursement to an eligible claimant, to the extent of fee authority created by the test claim statute (or another provision), which must in turn be identified in the parameters and guidelines. A reduction in this manner is consistent with Article XIII B, section 6, which requires subvention only when the costs in question can be recovered solely from tax revenues.<sup>84</sup>

Thus, fee authority given to local government agencies and school districts that *can* be used for costs of a mandated program is required to be identified as a source of offsetting revenues in the parameters and guidelines, and required to be offset against costs claimed, to the extent of the authority. Fee authority granted by the Legislature provides a mechanism by which funds other than local tax revenues can be used for costs of the program. A claimant is not in need of the protection offered by article XIII B, section 6, to the extent of the revenues that can be raised by authorized fees, and cannot show increased costs mandated by the state, consistently with sections 17556(d) and 17514, to the extent of the fee authority granted.

Here, the fee authority found in Government Code sections 6253 and 6253.9 must be identified in the parameters and guidelines, and the SCO may reduce reimbursement to the extent of direct costs that are permissible subjects of the fees.

Government Code section 6253 provides, in pertinent part:

Except with respect to public records exempt from disclosure by express provisions of law, each state or local agency, upon a request for a copy of records that reasonably describes an identifiable record or records, shall make the records

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup> Code of Regulations, Title 2, section 1183.1 (Register 2005, No. 36).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> County of Fresno, supra, 53 Cal.3d at p. 487.

promptly available to any person *upon payment of fees covering direct costs of duplication*, or a statutory fee if applicable. <sup>85</sup>

## Section 6253.9 provides, in pertinent part:

- (a) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, any agency that has information that constitutes an identifiable public record not exempt from disclosure pursuant to this chapter that is in an electronic format shall make that information available in an electronic format when requested by any person and, when applicable, shall comply with the following:
- (1) The agency shall make the information available in any electronic format in which it holds the information.
- (2) Each agency shall provide a copy of an electronic record in the format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies. The cost of duplication shall be limited to the direct cost of producing a copy of a record in an electronic format.
- (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), the requester shall bear the cost of producing a copy of the record, including the cost to construct a record, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce a copy of the record when either of the following applies:
- (1) In order to comply with the provisions of subdivision (a), the public agency would be required to produce a copy of an electronic record and the record is one that is produced only at otherwise regularly scheduled intervals.
- (2) The request would require data compilation, extraction, or programming to produce the record. <sup>86</sup>

Section 6253, above, provides that agencies shall make disclosable records "promptly available to any person upon payment of fees covering *direct costs of duplication*," or statutorily defined fees, where applicable. Section 6253.9(a)(2), above states that the costs of duplication generally must be limited to direct costs of producing copies. This would include, for example, the cost of a flash drive. Subdivision (b) provides that "the requester shall bear the cost of producing a copy of the record," if the agency is compelled to produce the record other than at the regularly scheduled time, or if the request requires data compilation, extraction, or programming.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Government Code section 6253 (Stats. 1998, ch. 620 (SB 143); Stats. 1999, ch. 83 (SB 966); Stats. 2000, ch. 982 (AB 2799); Stats. 2001, ch. 355 (AB 1014)) [derived from former Government Code section 6257 (Stats. 1981, ch. 968)].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> Government Code section 6253.9 (added by Stats. 2000, ch. 982 (AB 2799)).

In the context of paper records, the courts have held that "[t]he direct cost of duplication is the cost of running the copy machine, and conceivably also the expense of the person operating it." The courts contend that direct cost "does not include the ancillary tasks necessarily associated with the retrieval, inspection and handling of the file from which the copy is extracted." In the context of electronic records, "the statute allows an agency to recover specified ancillary costs in either of two cases: (1) when it must 'produce a copy of an electronic record' between 'regularly scheduled intervals' of production, or (2) when compliance with the request for an electronic record 'would require data compilation, extraction, or programming to produce the record." The court in *County of Santa Clara* held that pursuant to section 6253.9, "[u]nder those circumstances, the agency may charge 'the cost [of staff] to construct a record, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce a copy of the record ...."

In this test claim, reimbursement is required for the increased level of service mandated by providing a copy of an electronic record, which the court in *Santa Clara* recognizes may at times require "data compilation, extraction, or programming." The fee authority under sections 6253 and 6253.9(a), as discussed, extends to the *direct costs* of providing copies of disclosable public records, and may not be applied to cover the costs of retrieving records to comply with a request,. And the fee authority found in section 6253.9(b) also extends to the costs of programming, extraction, and compiling required to construct a record.

Based on the courts' interpretation of sections 6253 and 6253.9, the Commission finds that the test claim statutes provide fee authority to offset the direct costs of "provid[ing] a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies." The Commission also finds fee authority for the costs of staff "construct[ing] a record, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce a copy of the record," when "the record is one that is produced only at otherwise regularly scheduled intervals...[or]... would require data compilation, extraction, or programming to produce the record."

The remaining activities required under the test claim statutes, including responding in writing to public records requests within 10 days, assisting the public in making effective public records requests, and redacting employees' home addresses and phone numbers, are not permissible subjects of the identified fee authority. The parameters and guidelines reflect this analysis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> Exhibit X, *North County Parents Organization v. Department of Education (North County)* (Cal. Ct. App. 4th Dist. 1994) 23 Cal.App.4th 144, at p. 148.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> Exhibit X, *County of Santa Clara v. Superior Court* (Cal. Ct. App. 6th Dist. 2009) 170 Cal. App. 4th 1301, at p. 1336.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> Exhibit A, Test Claim Statement of Decision, at p. 27.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> Government Code section 6253.9 (Stats. 2000, ch. 982 (AB 2799)).

In comments on the draft staff analysis, DOF suggested a small, non-substantive change to the language recommended by staff regarding fee authority. Rather than focusing on the records requested, as was the case in the test claim statement of decision and the case law on point, DOF's version focuses on the request, and what is required to satisfy the request. The Commission finds that DOF's proposed language has the same substantive effect as the language recommended in the draft proposed parameters and guidelines, and focuses more clearly on the request, rather than the records requested. <sup>91</sup> DOF's proposed language is therefore incorporated in the parameters and guidelines, as follows:

Revenue from the fee authority authorized in Government Code sections 6253 and 6253.9(a)(2) and (b), as added by Statutes 2000, chapter 982, shall be identified and deducted from the following costs claimed:

- 1. The direct costs of providing a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested; and
- 2. If the request requires data compilation, extraction, or programming to produce the record, or if the record is one that is otherwise produced only at regularly scheduled intervals, the cost of producing the record including the cost to construct it, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce the copy of the electronic record.

## V. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

For the foregoing reasons the Commission hereby adopts the attached proposed parameters and guidelines, providing for actual cost reimbursement of the activities approved in the test claim statement of decision and the reasonably necessary activities approved, as analyzed above.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> Exhibit I, DOF Comments on Draft Staff Analysis.

## PROPOSED PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

Government Code Sections 6253, 6253.1, 6253.9, 6254.3, and 6255

Statutes 1992, Chapters 463 (AB 1040); Statutes 2000, Chapter 982 (AB 2799); and Statutes 2001, Chapter 355 (AB 1014)

California Public Records Act

02-TC-10 and 02-TC-51

Period of reimbursement begins on July 1, 2001, or later for specified activities added by subsequent statutes.

#### I. SUMMARY OF THE MANDATE

The California Public Records Act (CPRA) provides for the disclosure of public records kept by the state, local agencies, school districts and community college districts, and county offices of education. On May 26, 2011, the Commission on State Mandates (Commission) adopted a statement of decision finding that the test claim statutes impose a partially reimbursable statemandated program upon local agencies and K-14 school districts within the meaning of article XIII B, section 6 of the California Constitution and Government Code section 17514. The Commission approved this test claim for the following reimbursable activities which impose an incremental increase in the level of service required under prior law:

- 1. If requested by a person making a public records request for a public record kept in an electronic format, provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies. (Gov. Code, § 6253.9(a)(2) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982)).
- 2. Within 10 days from receipt of a request for a copy of records, notify the person making the request of the determination regarding whether the records are disclosable and the reasons for the determination. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982)).
- 3. If the 10-day time limit of Government Code section 6253 is extended by a local agency or K-14 district due to "unusual circumstances" as defined by Government Code section 6253(c)(1)-(4) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982), provide written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons of the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982)).
- 4. If a request is denied, in whole or in part, respond in writing to a written request for inspection or copies of public records that includes a determination that the request is denied. (Gov. Code, § 6255(b) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982).)
- 5. When a member of the public requests to inspect a public record or obtain a copy of a public record:
  - a. Assist the member of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated;

- b. Describe the information technology and physical location in which the records exist; and
- c. Provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

These activities are not reimbursable when:

- The public records requested are made available to the member of the public through the procedures set forth in Government Code section 6253;
- The public agency determines that the request should be denied and bases that determination solely on an exemption listed in Government Code section 6254; or
- The public agency makes available an index of its records. (Gov. Code, § 6253.1(a) and (d) (Stats. 2001, ch. 355)).
- 6. For K-12 school districts and county offices of education only, the following activities are eligible for reimbursement:
  - a. Redact or withhold the home address and telephone number of employees of K-12 school districts and county offices of education from records that contain disclosable information.
    - This activity is not reimbursable when the information is requested by: (1) an agent, or a family member of the individual to whom the information pertains; (2) an officer or employee of another school district, or county office of education when necessary for the performance of its official duties; (3) an employee organization pursuant to regulations and decisions of the Public Employment Relations Board, except that the home addresses and home telephone numbers of employees performing law enforcement-related functions shall not be disclosed (and thus must always be redacted or withheld); (4) an agent or employee of a health benefit plan providing health services or administering claims for health services to K-12 school district and county office of education employees and their enrolled dependents, for the purpose of providing the health services or administering claims for employees and their enrolled dependents. (Gov. Code, § 6254.3(a) (Stats. 1992, ch. 463).)
  - b. Remove the home address and telephone number of an employee from any mailing lists that the K-12 school district or county office of education is legally required to maintain, if requested by the employee, except for lists used exclusively by the K-12 school district or county office of education to contact the employee. (Gov. Code, § 6254.3(b) (Stats. 1992, ch. 463).)

#### II. ELIGIBLE CLAIMANTS

Any city, county, and city and county, or any "school district" as defined in Government Code section 17519 which incurs increased costs as a result of this mandate, is eligible to claim reimbursement.

#### III. PERIOD OF REIMBURSEMENT

Government Code section 17557(e), states that a test claim shall be submitted on or before June 30 following a given fiscal year to establish eligibility for that fiscal year. The County of Los Angeles filed the first test claim on October 15, 2002, establishing eligibility for reimbursement for the 2001-2002 fiscal year. Therefore, costs incurred pursuant to the test claim statutes are reimbursable on or after July 1, 2001.

Reimbursement for state-mandated costs may be claimed as follows:

- 1. Actual costs for one fiscal year shall be included in each claim.
- 2. Pursuant to Government Code section 17561(d)(1)(A), all claims for reimbursement of initial fiscal year costs shall be submitted to the State Controller within 120 days of the issuance date for the claiming instructions.
- 3. Pursuant to Government Code section 17560(a), a local agency or school district may, by February 15 following the fiscal year in which costs were incurred, file an annual reimbursement claim that details the costs actually incurred for that fiscal year.
- 4. If revised claiming instructions are issued by the Controller pursuant to Government Code section 17558(c), between November 15 and February 15, a local agency or school district filing an annual reimbursement claim shall have 120 days following the issuance date of the revised claiming instructions to file a claim. (Gov. Code § 17560(b)).
- 5. If the total costs for a given fiscal year do not exceed \$1,000, no reimbursement shall be allowed except as otherwise allowed by Government Code section 17564(a).
- 6. There shall be no reimbursement for any period in which the Legislature has suspended the operation of a mandate pursuant to state law.

#### IV. REIMBURSABLE ACTIVITIES

To be eligible for mandated cost reimbursement for any fiscal year, only actual costs may be claimed. Actual costs are those costs actually incurred to implement the mandated activities. Actual costs must be traceable to and supported by source documents that show the validity of such costs, when they were incurred, and their relationship to the reimbursable activities. A source document is a document created at or near the same time the actual cost was incurred for the event or activity in question. Source documents may include, but are not limited to, employee time records or time logs, sign-in sheets, invoices, and receipts.

Evidence corroborating the source documents may include, but is not limited to, worksheets, cost allocation reports (system generated), purchase orders, contracts, agendas, training packets, and declarations. Declarations must include a certification or declaration stating, "I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct," and must further comply with the requirements of Code of Civil Procedure section 2015.5. Evidence corroborating the source documents may include data relevant to the reimbursable activities otherwise in compliance with local, state, and federal government requirements. However, corroborating documents cannot be substituted for source documents.

Claimants may use time studies to support salary, benefit, and associated indirect costs when an activity is task-repetitive. Activities that require varying levels of effort are not appropriate for

time studies. Time study usage is subject to the review and audit conducted by the State Controller's Office.

The claimant is only allowed to claim and be reimbursed for increased costs for reimbursable activities identified below. Increased cost is limited to the cost of an activity that the claimant is required to incur as a result of the mandate.

For each eligible claimant that incurs increased costs, the following activities are reimbursable:

# A. One Time Activities: Development of Policies and Procedures, and Training Employees to Implement the Mandate

- 1. Developing policies, protocols, manuals, and procedures, to implement only the activities identified in section IV.B. of these parameters and guidelines. The activities in section IV.B. represent the incremental higher level of service approved by the Commission.
  - This activity does not include, and reimbursement is not required for, developing policies and procedures to implement California Public Records Act requirements not specifically included in these parameters and guidelines. This activity specifically does not include making a determination whether a record is disclosable, or providing copies of disclosable records.
- 2. One-time training of each employee assigned the duties of implementing the reimbursable activities identified in section IV.B. of these parameters and guidelines.
  - This activity does not include, and reimbursement is not required for, instruction on California Public Records Act requirements not specifically included in these parameters and guidelines. This activity specifically does not include instruction on making a determination whether a record is disclosable, or providing copies of disclosable records.

#### **B.** Ongoing Activities

1. Provide a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested if the requested format is one that has been used by the agency to create copies for its own use or for provision to other agencies. (Gov. Code, § 6253.9(a)(2) (Stats. 2000, ch. 982)).

This activity includes:

- a. Computer programming, extraction, or compiling necessary to produce disclosable records.
- b. Producing a copy of an electronic record that is otherwise produced only at regularly scheduled intervals.

Reimbursement is not required for the activities of making the determination whether a record is disclosable, receiving the request for records, determining whether the request falls within the agency's jurisdiction, determining whether the request describes reasonably identifiable records, identifying access to records, conducting legal review to determine whether the records are disclosable, processing the records, sending the records, or tracking the records.

Fee authority discussed in section VII. of these parameters and guidelines is available to be applied to the costs of this activity. The Controller is authorized to reduce reimbursement for this activity to the extent of fee authority, as described in section VII.

- 2. Upon receipt of a request for a copy of records, a local agency or K-14 school district must perform the activities in a., b., or c. as follows:
  - a. Beginning January 1, 2002, within 10 days from receipt of a request for a copy of records, provide verbal or written notice to the person making the request of the disclosure determination and the reasons for the determination. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c), Stats. 2001, ch. 982);

This activity includes, where applicable:

- 1) Drafting, editing and reviewing a written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons for the determination.
- 2) Obtaining agency head, or his or her designee, approval and signature of a written notice of determination.
- 3) Sending or transmitting the notice to the requestor.
- b. Beginning January 1, 2002, if the 10-day time limit to notify the person making the records request of the disclosure determination is extended due to "unusual circumstances" as defined by Government Code section 6253(c)(1)-(4) (Stats. 2001, ch. 982), the agency head, or his or her designee, shall provide written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons of the extension and the date on which a determination is expected to be dispatched. (Gov. Code, § 6253(c), Stats. 2001, ch. 982).

This activity includes, where applicable:

- 1) Drafting, editing and reviewing a written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons for the extension of time.
- 2) Obtaining agency head, or his or her designee, approval and signature of, the notice of determination or notice of extension.
- 3) Sending or transmitting the notice to the requestor.
- c. Beginning July 1, 2001, if a request is denied, in whole or in part, respond in writing to a written request for inspection or copies of public records that includes a determination that the request is denied. (Gov. Code, § 6255(b), Stats. 2000, ch. 982).

This activity includes, where applicable:

- 1) Drafting, editing and reviewing a written notice to the person making the request, setting forth the reasons for the determination. This may include legal review of the written language in the notice. However, legal research and review of the law and facts that form the basis of the determination to deny the request are not reimbursable.
- 2) Obtaining agency head, or his or her designee, approval and signature of, the notice of determination.
- 3) Sending or transmitting the notice to the requestor.

Reimbursement for activities 2a., 2b., and 2c. is not required for making the determination whether a record is disclosable, receiving the request for records, determining whether the request falls within the agency's jurisdiction, determining whether the request describes reasonably identifiable records, identifying access to records, conducting legal review to determine whether the records are disclosable, processing the records, sending the records, or tracking the records.

3. When a member of the public requests to inspect a public record or obtain a copy of a public record, the local agency or K-14 school district shall (1) assist the member of the public to identify records and information that are responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated; (2) describe the information technology and physical location in which the records exist; and (3) provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

## This activity includes:

- a. Conferring with the requestor if clarification is needed to identify records requested.
- b. Identifying record(s) and information which may be disclosable and may be responsive to the request or to the purpose of the request, if stated.
- c. Provide suggestions for overcoming any practical basis for denying access to the records or information sought.

These activities are not reimbursable when: (1) the public records requested are made available to the member of the public through the procedures set forth in Government Code section 6253; (2) the public agency determines that the request should be denied and bases that determination solely on an exemption listed in Government Code section 6254; or (3) the public agency makes available an index of its records. (Gov. Code, § 6253.1(a) and (d), Stats. 2001, ch. 355).

In addition, reimbursement is not required for the activities of making the determination whether a record is disclosable, receiving the request for records, determining whether the request falls within the agency's jurisdiction, conducting legal review to determine whether the requested records are disclosable, processing the records, sending the records, or tracking the records.

- 4. For K-12 school districts and county offices of education only, the following activities are eligible for reimbursement:
  - a. Redact or withhold the home address and telephone number of employees of K-12 school districts and county offices of education from records that contain disclosable information.

This activity is <u>not</u> reimbursable when the information is requested by: (1) an agent, or a family member of the individual to whom the information pertains; (2) an officer or employee of another school district, or county office of education when necessary for the performance of its official duties; (3) an employee organization pursuant to regulations and decisions of the Public Employment

Relations Board, except that the home addresses and home telephone numbers of employees performing law enforcement-related functions shall not be disclosed (and thus must always be redacted or withheld); (4) an agent or employee of a health benefit plan providing health services or administering claims for health services to K-12 school district and county office of education employees and their enrolled dependents, for the purpose of providing the health services or administering claims for employees and their enrolled dependents. (Gov. Code, § 6254.3(a), Stats. 1992, ch. 463.)

b. Remove the home address and telephone number of an employee from any mailing lists that the K-12 school district or county office of education is legally required to maintain, if requested by the employee, except for lists used exclusively by the K-12 school district or county office of education to contact the employee. (Gov. Code, § 6254.3(b), Stats. 1992, ch. 463.)

#### V. CLAIM PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION

Each of the following cost elements must be identified for each reimbursable activity identified in Section IV, Reimbursable Activities, of this document. Each claimed reimbursable cost must be supported by source documentation as described in Section IV. Additionally, each reimbursement claim must be filed in a timely manner.

#### A. Direct Cost Reporting

Direct costs are those costs incurred specifically for the reimbursable activities. The following direct costs are eligible for reimbursement.

#### 1. Salaries and Benefits

Report each employee implementing the reimbursable activities by name, job classification, and productive hourly rate (total wages and related benefits divided by productive hours). Describe the specific reimbursable activities performed and the hours devoted to each reimbursable activity performed.

# 2. Materials and Supplies

Report the cost of materials and supplies that have been consumed or expended for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Purchases shall be claimed at the actual price after deducting discounts, rebates, and allowances received by the claimant. Supplies that are withdrawn from inventory shall be charged on an appropriate and recognized method of costing, consistently applied.

#### 3. Contracted Services

Report the name of the contractor and services performed to implement the reimbursable activities. Attach a copy of the contract to the claim. If the contractor bills for time and materials, report the number of hours spent on the activities and all costs charged. If the contract is a fixed price, report the services that were performed during the period covered by the reimbursement claim and itemize all costs for those services. If the contract services are also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the services used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed. Submit contract consultant and attorney invoices with the claim and a description of the contract scope of services.

#### 4. Fixed Assets

Report the purchase price paid for fixed assets (including computers) necessary to implement the reimbursable activities. The purchase price includes taxes, delivery costs, and installation costs. If the fixed asset is also used for purposes other than the reimbursable activities, only the pro-rata portion of the purchase price used to implement the reimbursable activities can be claimed.

#### 5. Travel

Report the name of the employee traveling for the purpose of the reimbursable activities. Include the date of travel, destination, the specific reimbursable activity requiring travel, and related travel expenses reimbursed to the employee in compliance with the rules of the local jurisdiction. Report employee travel time according to the rules of cost element A.1., Salaries and Benefits, for each applicable reimbursable activity.

## 6. Training

The cost of training each employee to perform the mandated activities is eligible for reimbursement as a one time cost. Identify the employee(s) by name and job classification. Provide the title and subject of the training session, the date(s) attended, and the location. Reimbursable costs may include salaries and benefits, registration fees, transportation, and per diem.

#### B. Indirect Cost Rates

Indirect costs are costs that have been incurred for a common or joint purpose, benefiting more than one program, and are not directly assignable to a particular department or program without efforts disproportionate to the result achieved. After direct costs have been determined and assigned to other activities, as appropriate, indirect costs are those remaining to be allocated to benefited cost objectives. A cost may not be allocated as an indirect cost if any other cost incurred for the same purpose, in like circumstances, has been claimed as a direct cost.

Indirect costs may include both: (1) overhead costs of the unit performing the mandate; and (2) the costs of the central government services distributed to the other departments based on a systematic and rational basis through a cost allocation plan.

#### For local agency claimants:

Compensation for indirect costs is eligible for reimbursement utilizing the procedure provided in 2 CFR Part 225 (Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87). Claimants have the option of using 10% of direct labor, excluding fringe benefits, or preparing an Indirect Cost Rate Proposal (ICRP) if the indirect cost rate claimed exceeds 10%.

If the claimant chooses to prepare an ICRP, both the direct costs (as defined and described in 2 CFR Part 225, Appendix A and B (OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) and the indirect costs shall exclude capital expenditures and unallowable costs (as defined and described in 2 CFR Part 225, Appendix A and B (OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B).

The distribution base may be: (1) total direct costs (excluding capital expenditures and other distorting items, such as pass-through funds, major subcontracts, etc).; (2) direct salaries and wages; or (3) another base which results in an equitable distribution.

In calculating an ICRP, the claimant shall have the choice of one of the following methodologies:

- 1. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by: (1) classifying a department's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect; and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate which is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount of allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected; or
- 2. The allocation of allowable indirect costs (as defined and described in OMB Circular A-87 Attachments A and B) shall be accomplished by: (1) separating a department into groups, such as divisions or sections, and then classifying the division's or section's total costs for the base period as either direct or indirect; and (2) dividing the total allowable indirect costs (net of applicable credits) by an equitable distribution base. The result of this process is an indirect cost rate that is used to distribute indirect costs to mandates. The rate should be expressed as a percentage which the total amount of allowable indirect costs bears to the base selected.

#### For school district claimants:

School districts must use the California Department of Education approved indirect cost rate for the year that funds are expended.

Community colleges have the option of using: (1) a federally approved rate, utilizing the cost accounting principles from the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-21, "Cost Principles of Educational Institutions"; (2) the rate calculated on State Controller's Form FAM-29C; or (3) a 7% indirect cost rate.

#### VI. RECORD RETENTION

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558.5 (a), a reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district pursuant to this chapter<sup>1</sup> is subject to the initiation of an audit by the Controller no later than three years after the date that the actual reimbursement claim is filed or last amended, whichever is later. However, if no funds are appropriated or no payment is made to a claimant for the program for the fiscal year for which the claim is filed, the time for the Controller to initiate an audit shall commence to run from the date of initial payment of the claim. In any case, an audit shall be completed not later than two years after the date that the audit is commenced. All documents used to support the reimbursable activities, as described in Section IV, must be retained during the period subject to audit. If an audit has been initiated by the Controller during the period subject to audit, the retention period is extended until the ultimate resolution of any audit findings.

## VII. OFFSETTING REVENUES AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Any offsetting revenue the claimant experiences in the same program as a result of the same statutes or executive orders found to contain the mandate shall be deducted from the costs claimed. In addition, reimbursement for this mandate from any source, including but not limited

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This refers to Title 2, division 4, part 7, chapter 4 of the Government Code.

to, service fees collected, federal funds, and other state funds, shall be identified and deducted from this claim.

Revenue from the fee authority authorized in Government Code sections 6253 and 6253.9(a)(2) and (b), as added by Statutes 2000, chapter 982, shall be identified and deducted from the following costs claimed:

- 1. The direct costs of providing a copy of a disclosable electronic record in the electronic format requested; and
- 2. If the request requires data compilation, extraction, or programming to produce the record, or if the record is one that is otherwise produced only at regularly scheduled intervals, the cost of producing the record including the cost to construct it, and the cost of programming and computer services necessary to produce the copy of the electronic record.

#### VIII. STATE CONTROLLER'S CLAIMING INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to Government Code section 17558(b), the Controller shall issue claiming instructions for each mandate that requires state reimbursement not later than 90 days after receiving the adopted parameters and guidelines from the Commission, to assist local agencies and school districts in claiming costs to be reimbursed. The claiming instructions shall be derived from the test claim decision and the parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

Pursuant to Government Code section 17561(d)(1), issuance of the claiming instructions shall constitute a notice of the right of the local agencies and school districts to file reimbursement claims, based upon parameters and guidelines adopted by the Commission.

## IX. REMEDIES BEFORE THE COMMISSION

Upon request of a local agency or school district, the Commission shall review the claiming instructions issued by the State Controller or any other authorized state agency for reimbursement of mandated costs pursuant to Government Code section 17571. If the Commission determines that the claiming instructions do not conform to the parameters and guidelines, the Commission shall direct the Controller to modify the claiming instructions and the Controller shall modify the claiming instructions to conform to the parameters and guidelines as directed by the Commission.

In addition, requests may be made to amend parameters and guidelines pursuant to Government Code section 17557(d), and California Code of Regulations, title 2, section 1183.2.

## X. LEGAL AND FACTUAL BASIS FOR THE PARAMETERS AND GUIDELINES

The statements of decision adopted for the test claim and parameters and guidelines are legally binding on all parties and provide the legal and factual basis for the parameters and guidelines. The support for the legal and factual findings is found in the administrative record. The administrative record is on file with the Commission.

# Commission on State Mandates

Original List Date: 11/2/2010

Last Updated: 3/29/2013

List Print Date: 03/29/2013

Claim Number:

Issue:

02-TC-10 and 02-TC-51 California Public Records Act **Mailing List** 

#### TO ALL PARTIES AND INTERESTED PARTIES:

Each commission mailing list is continuously updated as requests are received to include or remove any party or person on the mailing list. A current mailing list is provided with commission correspondence, and a copy of the current mailing list is available upon request at any time. Except as provided otherwise by commission rule, when a party or interested party files any written material with the commission concerning a claim, it shall simultaneously serve a copy of the written material on the parties and interested parties to the claim identified on the mailing list provided by the commission. However, this requirement may also be satisfied by electronically filing your documents. Please see http://www.csm.ca.gov/dropbox.shtml on the Commission's website for instructions on electronic filing. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 2, § 1181.2.)

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