1	BEFORE THE COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES
2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
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4)
5	Claim of:) No. CSM-4424) Health & Safety Code
6	County of Santa Clara) Sections 462 & 10253) Chapter 268, Statutes of 1991
7	Claimant) <u>Sudden Infant Death Syndrome:</u>) <u>Contact by Local Health Officer</u>
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10	DECISION
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12	The attached Pro pose d Statement of Decision of the Commission on
13	State Mandates is hereby adopted by the Commission on State
14	Mandates as its decision in the ahove-entitled matter.
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16	This Decision shall become effective on May 27, 1993,
17'	IT IS so ORDERED May 27, 1993.
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19)	Robert W. Eich, Executive Director
20	Commission on State Mandates
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2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
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4	Claim of:
5) No. CSM-4424 County of Santa Clara) Health and Safety Code Sections 462
6) and 10253
7) Chapter 268, Statutes of 1991 Claimant) <u>Sudden Infant Death Syndrome:</u>
8) <u>Contact by Local Health Officer</u>
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10	PROPOSED STATEMENT OF DECISION
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12	This claim was heard by the Commission on State Mandates
13	(Commission) on April 22, 1993, in Sacramento, California, during
14	a regularly scheduled hearing.
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16	Mr. Steve Conrad, Ms. Linda Levisen, Ms. Penny Stastny, and
17	Mr. Allan Burdick, representing the County of Santa Clara, and
18	$ exttt{Mr.}$ Jim Wpps, representi $ exttt{ng}$ the $ exttt{Department}$ of Finance, introduced
19	themselves.
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21	Evidence both oral and documentary having been introduced, the
22	matter s ubmitted, and vote taken, the Commission finds:
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24	<u>ISSUE</u>
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26	Do the provisions of Health and Safety Code sections 462 and 10253,
27	as amended by Chapter 268, Statutes of 1991 (Chapter 268/91),
28	require local agencies to implement a new program or a higher level

of service in an existing program within the meaning of Government Code section 17514 and section 6, article XIIIB of the California Constitution?

BACKGROUND AND FINDINGS OF FACT

The test claim was filed with the Commission on October 20, 1992, by the County of Santa Clara,

The elements for filing a test claim, as specified in section 1183 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations, were satisfied.

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The claimant alleged that Health and Safety Code sections 462 and 10253, Chapter 268/91, impose state requirements regarding defined Services to be provided by a specified health professional who is to contact parents/foster parents and care providers of a sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS) infant and defines the methods and services for that contact.

The Department of Finance and the Department of Health Services asserted that Health and Safety Code section 462, Chapter 268/91, requires every local agency to expand the program activities local health officers provide in cases of SIDS.

The Commission observed that Health and Safety Code section 462, Chapter 268/91, specifically directs the local health officer or "an appropriately trained public health professional," as defined, to contact the person or persons who had custody or control of the

infant, including foster parents, and care providers of a SIDS infant and to provide information, support, referral, and followup services, as prescribed.

The Commission found that prior law was contained in Health and Safety Code section 462, as added by Chapter 453, Statutes of 1974, (Chapter 453/74), and under prior law, the county coroner was required to notify the county health officer of any case in which SIDS was the provisional cause of death, The county health officer was then required, after consultation with the infant's physician of record, "to immediately contact" the parent/custodian and explain "the nature and causes of sudden infant death syndrome to the extent that current knowledge permits."

The Commission found that the duty of the local health officer to contact the infant's physician is not changed. Under both prior law and current law, the local health officer consults with the infant's physician of record, as appropriate.

The Commission found that the duty of the local health officer to contact persons responsible for the infant is expanded. Under prior law, the health officer was required to contact the person or persons who had custody and control of the infant. Under Chapter 268/91, the local health officer is required to contact the infant's custodian, "including foster parents, when applicable/ If the infant was in child care, the local health officer must also immediately contact the care provider. Further, the level of contact required is increased by the amendment of Wealth and Safety

Code section 462, Chapter 268/91. Under prior law, the contact was required to be made to "explain the nature and causes of SIDS." As amended by Chapter 268/91, section 462 requires the local health officer to provide "information, support, referral, and followup services," and these terms are defined to include a specific visit or telephone call that results in one or more services, as defined.

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Health Safety Code section 10253, With respect to and Chapter 268/91, the Commission found that the revisions to this section were to provide conforming language throughout the Health 11 and Safety Code. Also, the Commission found that the requirement upon the county coroner to notify the county health officer of cases involving SIDS was a pre-existing duty under Chapter 453/74.

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The Commission observed that Chapter 453/74 appropriated \$17,550, in accordance with Revenue and Taxation Code section 2231, to reimburse local agencies for costs pursuant to this SIDS program. The Commission further noted that the appropriation was repealed by Chapter 268/91 and that under the provisions of article XIIIB, subdivision (c), of state Constitution, section 6, the "[1]egislative mandates enacted prior to January 1, 1975, . . . " are not subject to a mandatory subvention of state funds.

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The Commission found that Health and Safety Code section 462, Chapter 268/91, expanded the activities of the local health officer or designated agent beyond the pre-existing program activities of Health and Safety Code section 462, Chapter 453/74.

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APPLICABLE LAW RELEVANT TO THE DETERMINATION

OF A REIMBURSABLE STATE MANDATED PROGRAM

Government Code section 17500 and following, and section 6, article XIIIB of the California Constitution and related case law.

CONCLUSION

The Commission determines that it has the authority to decide this claim under the provisions of Government Code sections 17500 and 175531, subdivision (a).

The Commission concludes that the provisions of Health and Safety Code section 10253, Chapter 268/91, d0 not impose a new program or a higher level of service in an existing program upon local agencies within the meaning of Government Code section 17514 and section 6, article XIIIB of the California Constitution.

TQ the extent that the program aetivities required by Health and Safety Code section 462, Chapter 268/91, exceed activities required by prior law in directing specified health professionals to perform specified duties related to SPDS, the Commission further concludes that section 462 does require local agencies to implement a higher level of service in an existing program within the meaning of Government Code section 17514 and section 6, article XIIIB of the California Constitution.

Therefore, the claimant is directed to submit parameters and guidelines, pursuant to Government Code section 27557 and Title 2, California Code of Regulations, section 1183.1, to the Commission for its consideration.

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The foregoing determination pertaining to Health and Safety Code section 462, Chapter 268/91, is subject to the following conditions:

The determination of a reimbursable state mandated program does not mean that all increased costs claimed will be reimbursed. Reimbursement, if any, is subject to Commission approval of parameters and guidelines for reimbursement of the mandated program; approval of a statewide cost estimate; a specific legislative appropriation for such purpose; a timely-filed claim for reimbursement; and subsequent review of the claim by the State Controller's Office.

If the statewide **cost** estimate for this mandate does not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) during **the** first twelve (12) month period following the operative date of the mandate, the Commission shahl certify such estimated amount to the **S**tate Controller's Office, and the State Controller shall receive, review, and pay claims from the State Mandates **Claims** Fund as claims are received. (Government Code section 17610)

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