Minutes

COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES

Location of Meeting: via Zoom October 27, 2023

Present: Member Joe Stephenshaw, Chairperson

Director of the Department of Finance

Member Lee Adams County Supervisor Member Regina Evans

Representative of the State Controller, Vice Chairperson

Member Jennifer Holman

Representative of the Director of the Office of Planning and Research

Member Renee Nash

School District Board Member

Member Sarah Olsen Public Member

Member Spencer Walker

Representative of the State Treasurer

NOTE: The transcript for this hearing is attached. These minutes are designed to be read in conjunction with the transcript.

CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL

Chairperson Stephenshaw called the meeting to order at 10:05 a.m., and welcomed new Commission designee from the State Controller's Office, Regina Evans, Chief of Staff. Executive Director Heather Halsey called the roll. Members Adams, Evans, Holman, Nash, Olsen, Stephenshaw, and Walker all indicated that they were present.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there were any objections to or corrections of the September 22, 2023 minutes. There was no response. Member Olsen made a motion to adopt the minutes. Member Walker seconded the motion. Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there was any public comment. There was no response. Executive Director Halsey called the roll. The Commission voted to adopt the September 22, 2023 hearing minutes by a vote of 6-0 with Member Nash abstaining.

PUBLIC COMMENT FOR MATTERS NOT ON THE AGENDA

Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there was any public comment. There was no response.

HEARINGS AND DECISIONS PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, ARTICLE 7 (GOV. CODE, § 17551, 17557, 17559, and 17570) (action)

Executive Director Halsey swore in the parties and witnesses participating in the Article 7 portion of the hearing.

APPEAL OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DECISIONS PURSUANT TO CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, SECTION 1181.1(c) (info/action)

Item 2 Appeal of Executive Director Decisions

Executive Director Halsey presented this item, stating that Item 2 is reserved for appeals of Executive Director decisions and that there were no appeals to consider for this hearing.

TEST CLAIMS

Item 3 Sex Offenders Registration: Petitions for Termination, 21-TC-03
Statutes 2017, Chapter 541, Section 12 (SB 384), effective
January 1, 2018, operative July 1, 2021
County of Los Angeles, Claimant

Commission Counsel Anna Barich presented this item and recommended that the Commission adopt the Proposed Decision to deny this Test Claim.

Fernando Lemus, Lucia Gonzalez, and Dylan Ford appeared on behalf of the claimant. Chris Hill appeared on behalf of the Department of Finance.

Following statements by Mr. Lemus, Ms. Gonzalez, Mr. Ford, and Mr. Hill, Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there was any public comment on this item. There was no response. Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there were any questions from board members. Following discussion between Member Olsen, Chief Legal Counsel Camille Shelton, Commission Counsel Barich, and Member Adams, Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there was a motion. Member Walker made the motion to adopt the staff recommendation. Member Holman seconded the motion. Executive Director Halsey called the roll. The Commission voted to adopt the Proposed Decision by a vote of 4-3 with Member Adams, Member Nash, and Member Olsen voting no.

Item 4 California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Diego Region, Order No. R9-2009-0002, Sections B.2.; C.; D.; F.1.d.; F.1.d.7.i.; F.1.f.; F.1.h.; F.3.a.4.c.; F.3.d.; F.4.b.; F.4.d.; F.4.e.; G.6.; I.; J.; K.1.b.4.n.; and, Only as They Relate to the Reporting Checklist, Section K.3.a. and Attachment D, Adopted December 16, 2009, 10-TC-11

Cities of Dana Point, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel, Lake Forest, Mission Viejo, San Juan Capistrano, the County of Orange, and the Orange County Flood Control District, Claimants

Chief Legal Counsel Camille Shelton presented this item and recommended that the Commission adopt the Proposed Decision to partially approve the Test Claim.

Howard Gest appeared on behalf of the claimants. Donna Ferebee appeared on behalf of the Department of Finance. Catherine Hagan and Michael Lauffer appeared on behalf of the State Water Resources Control Board and the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board.

Following discussion by the parties, Commission Members, and Commission staff, Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there was any public comment on this item. There was no response. Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there were any questions from members. There was no response. Following statements by Chief Legal Counsel Shelton and Mr. Gest, Chairperson Stephenshaw asked if there was any further discussion. Member Olsen made the motion to adopt the staff recommendation. Member Walker seconded the motion. Executive Director Halsey called the roll. The Commission voted to adopt the Proposed Decision by a vote of 7-0.

HEARINGS ON COUNTY APPLICATIONS FOR FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL DISTRESS PURSUANT TO WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE SECTION 17000.6 AND CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2, ARTICLE 2 (info/action)

Item 5 Assignment of County Application to Commission, a Hearing Panel of One or More Members of the Commission, or to a Hearing Officer

Executive Director Halsey presented this item, stating that Item 5 is reserved for county applications for a finding of significant financial distress, or SB 1033 applications, and that no SB 1033 applications have been filed.

REPORTS

Item 6 Legislative Update (info)

Program Analyst Jill Magee presented this item.

Item 7 Chief Legal Counsel: New Filings, Recent Decisions, Litigation Calendar (info)

Chief Legal Counsel Camille Shelton presented this item.

Item 8 Executive Director: Workload Update, and Tentative Agenda Items for the December 2023 and January 2024 Meetings (info)

Executive Director Halsey introduced new Assistant Executive Director, Administrative Services, Cristina Bardasu, and presented this item.

CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTIONS 11126 AND 11126.2 (info/action)

The Commission adjourned into closed executive session at 11:13 a.m., pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e). The Commission met in closed session to confer with and receive advice from legal counsel for consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate, upon the pending litigation listed on the published notice and agenda; to confer with and receive advice from legal counsel regarding potential litigation; and to confer on personnel matters pursuant to Government Code section 11126(a)(1).

A. PENDING LITIGATION

To confer with and receive advice from legal counsel, for consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate, upon the following matters pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e):

Trial Courts:

1. County of Los Angeles v. Commission on State Mandates, Malia M. Cohen as State Controller

Los Angeles County Superior Court, Case No. 23STCP00036 (*Municipal Stormwater and Urban Runoff Discharges Consolidated IRC*, 19-0304-I-04, 20-0304-I-06, 20-0304-I-08, 20-0304-I-09, 20-0304-I-10, 20-0304-I-11, and 20-0304-I-13)

B. POTENTIAL LITIGATION

To confer with and receive advice from legal counsel, for consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate, upon the following matter pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e):

Based on existing facts and circumstances, there is a specific matter which presents a significant exposure to litigation against the Commission on State Mandates, its members or staff.

C. PERSONNEL

To confer on personnel matters pursuant to Government Code section 11126(a)(1).

RECONVENE IN PUBLIC SESSION

At 11:20 a.m., the Commission reconvened in open session.

REPORT FROM CLOSED EXECUTIVE SESSION

Chairperson Stephenshaw reported that the Commission met in closed executive session pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e). The Commission conferred with and received advice from legal counsel for consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate, upon the pending litigation listed on the public notice and agenda, and conferred with and received advice from legal counsel regarding potential litigation, and, pursuant to Government Code section 11126(a)(1) to confer on personnel matters.

ADJOURNMENT

Chairperson Stephenshaw stated that with no further business to discuss, he would entertain a motion to adjourn. Member Nash made a motion to adjourn the meeting. Member Holman seconded the motion. Executive Director Halsey called the roll. The Commission adopted the motion to adjourn the October 27, 2023 meeting by a vote of 6-0 with Member Olsen absent at 11:22 a.m.

Heather Halsey Executive Director

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES

RECEIVED

NOV 13 2023

PUBLIC MEETING

COMMISSION ON STATE MANDATES

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 27, 2023 10:05 A.M.

ORIGINAL

MEETING HELD

VIA ZOOM

A VIDEO COMMUNICATIONS PLATFORM

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

REPORTED BY:

KATHRYN S. SWANK Certified Shorthand Reporter No. 13061 Registered Professional Reporter

> KATHRYN S. SWANK, CSR 303 Paddock Court Roseville, California 95661 Telephone (916) 390-7731 KathrynSwankCSR@sbcglobal.net

1	APPEARANCES	
2	COMMISSIONERS PRESENT	
3	JOSE STEPHENSHAW Director	
4	Department of Finance (Chairperson of the Commission)	
5	SPENCER WALKER	
6	Representative for FIONA MA State Treasurer	
7	(Vice Chairperson of the Commission)	
8	REGINA EVANS	
9	Representative for MALIA COHEN State Controller	
10	LEE ADAMS III	
11	Sierra County Supervisor Local Agency Member	
12	JENNIFER HOLMAN	
13	Representative for SAMUEL ASSEFA, Director Office of Planning & Research	
14	RENEE C. NASH Eureka Union School District	
15	School District Board Member	
16	SARAH OLSEN Public Member	
17		
18	000	
19	COMMISSION STAFF	
20	HEATHER A. HALSEY Executive Director	
21	ANNA BARICH	
22	Commission Counsel	
23	JILL MAGEE Program Analyst	
24	CAMILLE N. SHELTON	
25	Chief Legal Counsel	
		2

1	APPEARANCES CONTINUED
2	PUBLIC PARTICIPANTS
3	
4	DONNA FEREBEE Department of Finance (Items 4)
5	DYLAN FORD
6	County of Los Angeles (Item 3)
7	HOWARD GEST
8	Burhenn & Gest (Item 4)
9	LUCIA GONZALEZ
10	County of Los Angeles
11	(Item 3)
12	CATHERINE HAGAN State Water Resources Control Board
13	and San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board
14	(Item 4)
15	CHRIS HILL Department of Finance
16	(Items 3)
17	MICHAEL LAUFFER State Water Resources Control Board
18	and San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board
19	(Item 4)
20	FERNANDO LEMUS County of Los Angeles
21	(Item 3)
	202
22	00
23	
24	
25	
	3

1 2			ERRATA SHEET
3	Page	Line	Correction
4	2	3	Jose <u>Joe</u> Stephenshaw
5	15	24	Mr. Dylan Ford's mike <u>mic</u>
6	45	25	turbidity in <u>and</u> the metals
7	53	6-8	public, and which the notice and agenda
8			are prohibiting prohibited from disclosing,
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
			4

1			INDEX			
2	ITEM NO.	EM NO.				
3	I.	Call to O	rder and Roll Call	8		
4	II.		of Minutes	10		
5	T.T.T	Item 1 September 22, 2023	11			
6	III.		Public Comment for Matters Not on the Agenda (none)			
7	IV.		Proposed Consent Calendar for Items			
8		Proposed for Adoption on Consent Pursuant to California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Articles 7				
9		and 8 (no				
10	V.	_	and Decisions Pursuant to			
11			alifornia Code of Regulations, itle 2, Article 7			
12	A.		f Executive Director Decisions to California Code of	14		
13		Regulation				
14		Item 2	Appeal of Executive Director Decisions (none)			
15	В.	Test Clair	, ,			
16	2.	Item 3	Sex Offenders Registration:	14		
17		TCCIII 3	Petitions for Termination, 21-TC-03	11		
18			Statutes 2017, Chapter 541,			
19			Section 12 (SB 384), effective January 1, 2018, operative			
20			July 1, 2021			
21			County of Los Angeles, Claimant			
22			CIAIIIAIIC			
23						
24						
25						
				5		

1		INDEX CONTINUED		
2	ITEM NO.		PAGE	
3	В.	Test Claims (Continued)		
4		Item 4 California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San	26	
5		Diego Region, Order No. R9-2009-0002,		
6		Sections B.2.; C.; D.; F.1.d.; F.1.d.7.i.; F.1.f.; F.1.h.;		
7		F.3.a.4.c.; F.3.d.; F.4.b.; F.4.d.; F.4.e.; G.6.; I.;		
8		J.; K.1.b.4.n.; and, Only as They Relate to the Reporting		
9		Checklist, Section K.3.a. and Attachment D, Adopted		
10		December 16, 2009, 10-TC-11		
11		Cities of Dana Point, Laguna Hills, Laguna Niguel, Lake		
12		Forest, Mission Viejo, San Juan Capistrano, the County of		
13		Orange, and the Orange County Flood Control District,		
14		Claimants		
15	VI.	Hearings on County Applications for Findings of Significant Financial		
16		Distress Pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code Section 17000.6		
17 18		and California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Article 2		
19		Item 5 Assignment of County Application to Commission,	52	
20		a Hearing Panel of One or More Members of the Commission,		
21		or to a Hearing Officer (none)		
22				
23				
24				
25				
			6	

1		I N 2	DEX CONTINUED		
2	ITEM NO.			PAGE	
3		To Co	and Target land Boundary		
4	VII.	Californi	nformational Hearings Pursuant to Valifornia Code of Regulations, Title 2,		
5	Article 8				
6	Α.	Reports	Tanialatina Thalata	F.0	
7		Item 6	5	52	
8		Item 7	Chief Legal Counsel: New Filings, Recent Decisions, Litigation Calendar	54	
9		Item 8	Executive Director: Workload	54	
10			Update, and Tentative Agenda Items for the December 2023		
11			and January 2024 Meetings		
12	VIII.		ecutive Session Pursuant to t Code Sections 11126 and	57	
13		11126.2			
14	Α.	Pending L	itigation		
15	В.	Potential Litigation			
16	C.	Personnel			
17	IX.	Report fr	om Closed Executive Session	57	
18	Adjournm	Adjournment 58			
19	Reporter	's Certifi	cate	59	
20					
21			00		
22					
23					
24					
25					
				7	

FRIDAY.	OCTOBER	27.	2023.	10:05	A.M
		4,,	2023,	TO - OO	7 7 ° 1.1

---00---

CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Okay. Good morning, everyone. The meeting of the Commission on State

Mandates will come to order. Welcome to the webinar.

Statutes of 2023, Chapter 196, amended the Bagley-Keene Open Meetings Act to extend, until December 31st, 2023, the authority to hold public meetings through teleconferencing. The Commission continues its commitment to ensure that its public meetings are accessible to the public and that the public has the opportunity to observe the meeting and to participate by providing written and verbal comment on Commission matters.

Please note, the materials for today's meeting, including the notice, agenda, and witness list, are all available on the Commission's website at www.csm.ca.gov, under the "Hearings" tab.

Also please note that in the event we experience technical difficulties or the meeting is bumped offline, we will restart and allow time for people to rejoin before recommencing the meeting.

Please join me in welcoming new Commission designee from the State Controller's Office, Regina Evans, Chief of Staff for the State Controller.

```
1
         Good morning, Regina. Good to see you.
 2
         Heather, will you please call the roll.
 3
         MS. HALSEY: Sure. Mr. Adams.
         You are muted.
 4
 5
         MEMBER ADAMS: Sorry. I was having trouble finding
6
    the mute button.
7
         I am here.
8
         MS. HALSEY: Great.
9
         Ms. Evans.
10
         We don't have any sound for you, Ms. Evans.
11
    think she is frozen. I can see that she is there.
12
         Ms. Holman.
13
         MEMBER HOLMAN: Here.
14
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Nash.
15
         MEMBER NASH: Here.
16
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen.
17
         MEMBER OLSEN: Present.
18
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Stephenshaw.
19
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Here.
20
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Walker.
21
         MEMBER WALKER: Here.
22
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Do you want to try
23
    Ms. Evans again?
24
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Evans, your sound is not working.
25
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: We will continue to work
```

```
on the sound there and we will move on in the meantime.
1
 2
         So the next item is Item 1.
 3
         Are there any objections to or corrections of the
4
    September 22nd, 2023, minutes?
5
         MEMBER OLSEN: Move adoption.
         MEMBER WALKER: Second.
6
7
         MEMBER ADAMS: I would second.
8
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Is there any public
    comment on this item?
9
10
         (No response.)
11
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Are there any questions
12
    from members?
13
         (No response.)
14
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Is -- the item was moved,
15
    I believe, by Member Olsen and seconded by Member
16
    Walker.
17
         Are we ready for the question? If there are no
18
    further discussion, Heather, please call the roll.
19
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Adams.
20
         MEMBER ADAMS: Aye.
21
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Evans.
         Ms. Evans, are you shaking your head in the
22
23
    affirmative?
24
         Yes, I can see a thumbs-up there.
25
         "Yes" for Ms. Evans.
                                                              10
```

```
1
         Ms. Holman?
 2
         MEMBER HOLMAN: Yes.
 3
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Nash.
         MEMBER NASH: I was absent, so I will abstain.
 4
 5
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen.
6
         MEMBER OLSEN: Yes.
7
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Stephenshaw.
8
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Yes.
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Walker.
9
10
         MEMBER WALKER: Yes.
11
         MS. HALSEY:
                      Thank you.
         Now we will take up public comment for matters not
12
13
    on the agenda. Please note that the Commission may not
14
    take action on items not on the agenda. However, it may
15
    schedule issues raised by the public for consideration
16
    at future meetings.
17
         We invite the public to comment on matters that are
18
    on the agenda as they are taken up.
19
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Is there any public
20
    comment?
21
         (No response.)
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Hearing no public
22
23
    comment --
24
                      I'm seeing none.
         MS. HALSEY:
25
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: -- we'll -- we will move
                                                             11
```

```
1
    to the next item.
 2
         MS. HALSEY: Let's move to the swearing in.
 3
         Will the parties and witnesses for Items 3 and 4
    please turn on your video, unmute your microphones, and
4
5
    please rise and state your names for the record.
6
         Do you want to begin, Mr. Hill?
7
         MR. HILL: Chris Hill, Department of Finance.
8
         MS. HALSEY:
                      Thanks.
9
         Mr. Gest.
10
         MR. GEST: Howard Gest for the claimants in Item 4.
11
         MS. HALSEY:
                      Thank you.
12
         Lucia.
13
         MS. GONZALEZ: Hi, good morning. Lucia Gonzalez
14
    with the Office of County Counsel for Item 3.
15
         MS. HALSEY:
                      Thank you.
16
         Fernando.
17
         MR. LEMUS: Good morning. Fernando Lemus with the
18
    Department of Auditor-Controller, County of Los Angeles,
    for Item 3.
19
20
         MS. HALSEY:
                      Thank you.
21
         Dylan. Oh, Dylan, we can't hear you.
                                                 I will
22
    circle back to you in a second.
23
         Ms. Hagan.
24
         MS. HAGAN: Catherine Hagan for the State Water
25
    Resources Control Board and San Diego Water Board on
```

```
1
    Item 4.
         MR. LAUFFER: And Michael Lauffer with the State
 2
 3
    Water Resources Control Board for Item Number 4.
 4
         MS. HALSEY: Great. Thank you.
 5
         Ms. Ferebee.
         MS. FEREBEE: Donna Ferebee, Department of Finance,
6
7
    for Item Number 4. Thank you.
         MS. HALSEY: And Dylan, are we -- do we have sound?
8
9
         (No response.)
         MS. HALSEY: Still no sound. You might want to
10
11
    check if you are -- sometimes my cord comes partly
12
    unplugged and it could be that. No. You're having
13
    technical difficulties. I will try to get someone to
14
    assist you with that.
15
         In the meantime, would everyone please rise and
    raise their hand.
16
17
         (Parties/witnesses stood to be sworn or
18
         affirmed.)
19
         MS. HALSEY: Do you solemnly swear or affirm that
20
    the testimony which you are about to give is true and
21
    correct, based on your personal knowledge, information,
22
    or belief?
23
         (Affirmative responses.)
24
                      Thank you. Please be seated.
         MS. HALSEY:
25
         Item 2 is reserved for appeals of Executive
                                                              13
```

Director decisions. There are no appeals to consider 1 2 for this hearing. 3 Next is Item 3. Commission Counsel Anna Barich 4 will please turn on her video and unmute her microphone 5 and present a proposed decision on Sex Offenders 6 Registration: Petitions for Termination, 21-TC-03. 7 At this time, we invite the parties and witnesses for Item 3 to please turn on their video and unmute 8 9 their microphones. 10 MS. BARICH: Thank you, Heather. Good morning, 11 everyone. 12 This test claim was previously considered at the 13 September Commission hearing, but no action was taken. 14 The test claim statute established a procedure for Tier 1 and 2 registered sex offenders, to petition to 15 16 terminate their duty to register as a sex offender 10 to 17 20 years after release from incarceration, placement, 18 commitment, or release on probation or other 19 supervision. 20 Under prior law, all convicted sex offenders had to 21 register for life. Termination from the registry 22 eliminates the crime of failing to register for that 23 person, and the process itself eliminates that crime for 24 all in the class of person who successfully petition.

The Commission asked staff to answer a few

1 questions for this hearing, which have been addressed in 2. the Executive Summary. No changes have been made to the 3 proposed decision except to update the hearing date, chronology, the member information for the October 4 5 hearing, and add the September hearing transcript to the 6 exhibits and Table of Contents. 7 Staff finds that there are no costs mandated by the State because the test claim statute eliminates a crime 8 9 or infraction within the meaning of Government Code 10 section 17556(g). 11 Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the proposed decision to deny the test claim, and authorize 12 13 staff to make any technical, nonsubstantive changes 14 following the hearing. 15 Thank you. CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Parties and witnesses, 16 17 please state your name for the record. 18 MR. LEMUS: Okay. I will go first. My name is 19 Fernando Lemus. I am the claimant representative for 20 the County of Los Angeles. And I will turn it over to 21 Lucia Gonzalez. 22 MS. GONZALEZ: Good morning. My name is Lucia 23 Gonzalez. 24 May I just inquire if what -- Mr. Dylan Ford's mike

is working now before I proceed?

1 MR. FORD: May I test it? 2 (Yeses.) 3 MR. FORD: Thank you. My apologies. 4 MS. HALSEY: Working great. 5 MS. GONZALEZ: Okay. Thank you. Claimant Los Angeles County is asking the 6 7 Commission grant the test claim. We believe that the 8 costs mandated -- that SB 384 did provide for a mandate 9 on LA County and that no exemption applies. 10 The Commission staff is urging the Commission to 11 find that although the constitutional requirement for 12 the State to reimburse the County applies, that an 13 exemption also applies; the exemption being that a crime was eliminated. 14 15 The County believes that there has been no evidence to support that contention. There is no crime that's 16 17 been eliminated. The failure to register is still a 18 crime, it still applies. And this segment of 19 individuals that successfully petition under 384 would 20 be inapplicable to be charged with the crime of failure 21 to register because of their ability to successfully 22 petition under 384. 23 I'm going to turn it over to Mr. Ford for 24 additional arguments. 25 MR. FORD: Thank you, Lucia. And thank you,

Commissioners, for having us again for this particular item.

And in the wake of our previous discussion, I was just trying to search for an analogy that I think helped -- might help illustrate the claimant's arguments here.

With respect to section 17556(g), again, the specific language is that the exception applies when there is an elimination of a crime.

And as my colleague mentioned, as Lucia stated, no crime has been eliminated. Both the set of criminal offenses that are encompassed by SB 384, and, furthermore, the penalty statute, Penal Code section 290.018 are all unchanged as a result of the passage of the legislation. So all those offenses remain.

So it's as if to say that, like, the crime -- I think that the proposed decision's position is that it does eliminate a crime for a potential class of people, but the statute itself does not say "elimination of a crime" or "elimination of potential prosecutions."

An analogy might be that if there was a law that directed the closure of a state highway, for example, so that people who would normally take that road to get to work, to get to home, the closure of that road does not eliminate the crime of speeding. It just eliminates the

possibility of speeding for that that particular class of people.

Furthermore, if there was a statute that directed the adjustment of the obligation to register one's vehicle at a different -- rather than on an annual basis to a different interval for certain class of people.

Again, that doesn't eliminate the crime of failure to register the vehicle. It just changes the nature of the obligation.

And, furthermore, we are talking about potential prosecutions, which I believe that the proposed decision is sort of premised upon. We have to remember that the only people getting relief under the statute are the people who are following the law and are registering as required. So these are precisely the group of people who would not be prosecuted because they are entitled to — their entitled to relief is premised upon the fact that they are registering dutifully.

On that ground, we would argue that this exception under subdivision (g) clearly does not apply because the crime has not been eliminated. Maybe the potential prosecutions are eliminated for a particular class of people, but, again, this statute provides assistance to those who are following the law dutifully.

So just as closure of a highway does not eliminate

the crime of speeding, this particular statute does not 1 2 eliminate the crime of failure to register. 3 Thank you. 4 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you. 5 Department of Finance, do you have any questions? MR. HILL: Thank you. Chris Hill, the Department 6 7 of Finance. The Department of Finance concurs with the Commission staff's recommendation. 8 9 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you, Mr. Hill. 10 Is there any public comment on this item? 11 (No response.) 12 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Are there any questions 13 from members? 14 Ms. Olsen? 15 MEMBER OLSEN: I'm getting stuck, I think, on --16 perhaps it's a semantics issue, but I think it's a 17 relevant semantics issue. 18 And that is, in the new executive summary, there's 19 a really important word, I think. And it -- it occurs 20 multiple times in the executive summary, which is the word "once," meaning "after which." 21 And my concern is that this actually creates 22 23 another -- a new administrative process, a new court 24 process, that local governments are required to 25 participate in. And only after that process happens is

1 there this potential for this idea that a crime has been 2 eliminated, so that there's this process beforehand, 3 that everybody has to participate in, in order to get to what our staff is interpreting as an elimination of a 4 5 crime. And I think that's where I'm stuck. I -- I kind of 6 7 side with the local governments on this one because of that issue. 8 9 MS. SHELTON: Anna, do you want to go ahead and 10 respond to that, please? 11 MS. BARICH: I -- my main response to that is, any 12 time section 17556(q) comes into play, you are going to 13 have activities that are programmed that -- that under 14 other circumstances could be reimbursable. 15 The question now is whether or not there is a crime 16 that is eliminated. And this process of going through 17 the petitioning process and doing everything to 18 terminate the duty to register eliminates a crime. 19 MS. SHELTON: Let me also add to that. As you 20 recall, the County of San Diego case that was just recently decided by the Fourth District Court of Appeal 21 dealt with the other portion of 17556(g), changing the 22 23 penalty for a crime. 24 There, the County was seeking reimbursement for the

process to conduct Franklin proceedings in court.

1 those proceedings required evidentiary hearings and --2 and the submittal of information for the court to 3 determine the youthful factors of the offender, for the 4 possibility of going to the parole board. 5 There, the court held that 17556(g) applied based on the fact that, as a direct result of those statutes, 6 7 the person -- the possibility of that person's 8 sentencing and penalty being changed was there. 9 Here, it's the same thing. They are asking for the 10 process to go through when a person applies for the 11 termination of registration. 12 So you are always going to have -- all of the cases 13 that we have ever had dealing with 17556(g) always had a 14 process that went along with it, and that it was still 15 determined that reimbursement was not required. 16 So that's not a change in the staff interpretation. 17 MEMBER OLSEN: Thank you. 18 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you. Member Adams. 19 20 MEMBER ADAMS: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 21 I appreciate all the comments. I appreciated the updated information. 22 23 But I too just cannot accept that there's been an 24 elimination of a crime. Section 290 still stays in --

25

in effect.

What has changed is the addition of the tiered system that, again, adds required actions by local government. And this -- again, it changes the application of 290 to certain people and changes their reporting period.

I would say, even for those folks, someone who has a ten-year registration requirement and fails to report at year 5 can still be charged. So the only thing, again, that changes is how long they are being monitored.

I will admit, there are certainly long-term savings overall, both to the state and local governments, but, in the meantime, there are short-term costs to local government. And if this is all hanging on the elimination of a crime, I just do not see that. I see the crime -- 290 still stays in effect; it is not changed at all; only how it's applied against certain people.

MS. BARICH: Well, sir, my response to that would be to consider the other previous test claims that we have decided on, on 17556(g) grounds. For example, the case that Ms. Gonzalez was -- brought up at the last meeting, that 19 -- 97-TC-15, which was about -- which was also about the Sex Offender Registry. And in that case, they had expanded the list of crimes that create a

duty to register and in create -- and in expanding the list of crimes that created a duty to register, even though it didn't affect the statute that is used to enforce the duty to register, it was still found to be an -- created new crimes, because the people who were guilty of those added offenses would not have been guilty of a crime prior to the change in law.

Similarly, there is also the other test claim that we refer to in our -- in the proposed decision. The -- the felony -- the felony murder case.

In that case, we found that there was an elimination of a crime because, in that case, they had changed the statute to -- that is used to describe who can be charged for felony murder to exclude people who do not have -- who do not have intent to kill when they were committing their felony offense.

And in that -- and in that decision, we found that that had eliminated a crime. In this case, we have found that people who are -- do not have a duty to register under -- under 290 no longer can be charged under 290.0 -- .018. Therefore, a crime has been eliminated.

MEMBER ADAMS: I -- I appreciate that. I would note, in the felony murder rule case, I was on the minority voting on that. I disagreed on that issue, and

```
1
    I hope that maybe someday that's eliminated.
 2
         Thanks.
 3
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Okay. Thank you for the
 4
    questions and the discussions. And also thanks to staff
5
    for providing the information in response to questions
6
    that were raised at the prior hearing.
7
         With that, is there any further discussion?
         MS. HALSEY: I'm seeing no hands raised.
8
9
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Okay. Is there a motion?
10
         MEMBER WALKER: I move to adopt staff's
11
    recommendation.
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: There's been a motion.
12
13
         Is there a second?
         MEMBER HOLMAN: I will second that.
14
15
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: It has been moved by
16
    Member Walker; and seconded by Member Holman.
17
         Are we ready for question or is there additional
18
    discussion? If no further discussion, please call the
19
    roll.
20
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Adams.
21
         MEMBER ADAMS: No.
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Evans.
22
23
         (No response.)
24
         MS. HALSEY: Circle back.
         Ms. Holman.
25
```

```
1
         MEMBER HOLMAN:
 2
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Nash.
 3
         MEMBER NASH:
 4
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen.
 5
         MEMBER OLSEN:
                        No.
6
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Stephenshaw.
7
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW:
8
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Walker.
9
         MEMBER WALKER:
                         Yes.
10
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Evans, are you able to speak?
11
    know you just got your phone working.
12
         MEMBER EVANS: Yes.
13
         MS. HALSEY:
                      Thank you.
14
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW:
                                    Thank you.
15
         The motion, I believe, is carried. We have four
16
    "yes" votes.
17
         MS. HALSEY:
                      That's right. 4 to 3.
18
         Next, we will ask presenters for Item 3 to please
19
    turn off their video and mute their microphones.
20
         And next up is Item 4. Chief Legal Counsel Camille
21
    Shelton will please turn on her video, unmute her
22
    microphone, and present a proposed decision on Order
23
    Number R9-2009-0002, adopted by the San Diego Regional
24
    Water Quality Control Board, 10-TC-11.
25
         At this time, we invite the parties and witnesses
```

1	for Item 4 to please turn on their video and unmute
2	their microphones.
3	MS. SHELTON: Thank you, Heather.
4	This test claim alleges reimbursable state mandated
5	activities arising from ten different sections in a 2009
6	stormwater permit issued by the San Diego Regional Water
7	Quality Control Board for the permittees in Orange
8	County.
9	Staff recommends that the Commission partially
10	approve this test claim for the following activities
11	from December 16th, 2009, through December 31st, 2017:
12	Number 1. Develop a monitoring plan to determine
13	stormwater action level compliance.
14	Number 2. Update the map of the entire stormwater
15	sewer system in GIS format and submit the GIS layers to
16	the regional board.
17	Number 3. Comply with the new mandated activities
18	identified in the "Conclusion," relating to the
19	effectiveness assessment of the Jurisdictional Runoff
20	Management Plan and the workplan to address high
21	priority water quality problems.
22	Number 4. Gather and include in the annual report
23	the new mandated information identified in the
24	"Conclusion."
25	And Number 5. Annually notice and conduct public

meetings to review and update the watershed workplan.

Reimbursement for these activities is denied beginning January 1st, 2018, because the claimants have fee authority sufficient as a matter of law to cover the costs of these activities pursuant to Government Code section 17556(d), and, thus, there are no costs mandated by the State.

In addition, reimbursement for these activities from any source, including but not limited to state and federal funds, any service charges, fees, or assessments, to offset all or part of the costs of this program, and any other funds used that are not the claimant's proceedings of taxes, including transportation and use funds from Measure M2, levied by and received from the Orange County Local Transportation Authority, are required to be identified and deducted from any claims submitted for reimbursement.

Finally, all other sections, activities, and costs pled in the test claim are denied as either not imposing a state-mandated new program or higher level of service, or not resulting in costs mandated by the State.

Staff recommends that the Commission adopt the proposed decision to partially approve the test claim, and authorize staff to make any technical, nonsubstantive changes to the proposed decision

1 following the hearing. 2 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Parties and witnesses, 3 please state your name for the record. MR. GEST: Howard Gest, claimant representative. 4 MS. HAGAN: Catherine Hagan for the Water Board. 5 MR. LAUFFER: And Michael Lauffer for the Water 6 7 Board. MS. FEREBEE: And Donna Ferebee for the Department 8 of Finance. 9 10 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you. 11 Mr. Gest, for the claimants, would you like to 12 begin? 13 MR. GEST: Yes. Thank you. Good morning, Chairperson, and Members of the 14 15 Commission. Howard Gest for the claimants. 16 First of all, we want to state our appreciation for 17 the amount of work that staff has put into this lengthy 18 decision. We support the proposed findings that certain 19 portions of the permit are reimbursable state mandates, 20 and we believe that those findings are proper. Because 21 the amount of work that went into this decision, we 22 don't want to see it to be infected by certain errors 23 that can be fixed. 24 So I would like to address two areas of the 25 decision this morning:

One, which is the monitoring in conjunction with the stormwater action levels; and two is the TMDLs at Baby Beach. We will continue to reserve oral arguments that we have set forth in our test claim papers, the narrative statement, and the comments. But I will limit my comments this morning to these two areas.

2.

First of all, I want to address the outfall monitoring. Section D of the permit addresses stormwater action levels. A stormwater action level is a level of a contaminant or a pollutant in a discharge which will trigger further steps by the permittees.

And as part of this stormwater action level set forth in section D of the stormwater permit, the permit requires the permittees to develop a monitoring plan to sample a representative percentage of major outfalls.

And let me just stop for a minute and define a couple of terms that we'll be referring to. You may be familiar with them, but just to make sure we're all on the same page.

You will hear me refer to "receiving waters," and receiving waters are the water of body [sic] into which the municipal stormwater permit system discharges. So the receiving water might be Aliso Creek or one of the other creeks or even the Pacific Ocean. That's a receiving water.

An "outfall" is where the stormwater flood control system, stormwater pipe, or channel discharges into the receiving water.

2.

So what this monitoring plan requires is that the permittees develop a monitoring plan for a representative percentage of these outfalls. And then after developing that plan, implement that plan, and based upon test results, if those test results are above the stormwater action level, they have got to take further additional steps.

Anna has indicated the proposed decision is -proposes to find that the development of this plan is a
reimbursable state mandate, but the implementation of
the plan as -- the implementation of the monitoring, as
well as any actions that occurs as a result of that
monitoring, are not reimbursable mandates.

And we submit that the finding that the actual implementation of the plan and these actions that are taken as a result of a finding of a stormwater action level are, in fact, reimbursable state mandates.

So, first of all, it is undisputed that this monitoring and this monitoring plan is a new program.

It is new. The proposed decision so finds, on pages 186 and 187. This representative sampling did not occur under the prior permit.

Let me just say, when I make references to the page numbers, I'm referring to the proposed decision, which does have, like, the first 38 pages of the executive summary. So -- but I'm using that pagination. And, in fact, the section of the decision that we're talking about is generally found on pages 168 through 196 of the proposed decision.

The -- so the Commission staff has suggested that the adoption of this monitoring plan is new and is reimbursable but not the actual implementation. This doesn't make sense.

Let me give you an example, not in the context of stormwater. Suppose the State had ordered a county or a city or a school district to build a building, and the State set forth the specifications for that building or the goals that that building was to accomplish, and that this building was for a specific purpose, to be used only for a specific purpose, and the State designated what that purpose would be.

It doesn't make sense for the Commission to then say, well, the drafting of the architectural plans for that building is reimbursable, but you know what, city, county, school district, you have other buildings. And, in the past, you know, those other buildings are used for other purposes, and people go in and out of them and

they use them for other purposes, so the idea of having a building is not new; and, therefore, we'll reimburse you for the architectural plans that you have been ordered to prepare, but not for the building itself.

Well, that doesn't make sense. If the State mandated a new program, you get reimbursed for the program.

Well, it's the same situation here for the stormwater monitoring. It's undisputed that these are new requirements. Yet, this Commission staff, in the proposed decision, is proposing that you find — although preparing the architectural plans for the monitoring, preparing the plan, is reimbursable, when you actually do the monitoring, you can't. Not because this monitoring had been in existence before, but because you had done other monitoring for other purposes.

We submit that the stormwater action level program in section D of the permit, which requires not only the development of the plan, but the implementation of the plan, the monitoring plan, are new, and that should be reimbursed. And you should not find it not reimbursable just because there are other programs that address other issues.

It is also true for, actually, the implementation

and the work that is done, but we will submit on our papers on that, and won't take your time on that issue at this point.

The second issue that we find error in with respect to this decision is with respect to what they call the TMDLs at Baby Beach.

And, again, let me just define a couple terms:

"TMDL" is a short acronym for Total Maximum Daily Load. And what a Total Maximum Daily Load is a planning device where the water board adopts a -- basically a number, which represents the amount of a pollutant or contaminant that can exist in a receiving water without being at such a high level that it impairs the -- what they call the beneficial use, the use of that water for swimming or for fishing or for something of that nature. So the TMDL represents the amount of pollutants that could be in that receiving water -- here, the Pacific Ocean -- without interfering with the use of, in this case, Baby Beach.

And part of the TMDL is composed of what they call "load allocations," which are nonpoint sources, which means that it's not a pipe or a channel; and also "wasteload allocations," which refer to the amount of pollutants that could be in the discharge from a point source, which, in this case — not using the technical

term -- we're talking about the pipe or the channel of the permittee.

So what section I of the permit did was, they took a TMDL that had been adopted for Baby Beach, relating to indicator bacteria, and they put it in the permit. And that TMDL required the permittees to reduce the amount of bacteria in the discharge, in their discharges, during dry water, over a three-and five-year period and wet weather over a seven-and ten-year period.

It also required implementation of actions to comply with that wasteload allocation.

Now, again, it is undisputed that this -- these are new. Okay? The TMDL wasn't adopted until 2009, so it could not have been in the prior permit, the 2002 permit. So it was -- this was put into this permit.

But the proposed decision -- and this section of the proposed decision is found at pages 197 through 227 of the decision. The proposed decision is that even though the TMDL is new, it is not reimbursable because, under the old permit, there was a different provision that said that discharges that cause or contribute to an exceedance of a water quality standard in the receiving water is prohibited.

This section also gets repeated and is included in the new 2009 permit. The proposition that the TMDL is

not new, because there was this other, prior discharge prohibition, which did not reference wasteload allocations, did not reference the bacteria, did not reference the time period, the -- the proposition that it is still not new, because there was this other, prior prohibition, fundamentally misunderstands what the TMDL does and requires, as compared to discharge prohibition.

The discharge prohibition -- and I'm going to bring you back again to the term "receiving water." The discharge prohibition prohibits discharges that causes or contributes to exceedance of a water quality standard in the receiving water. The focus is on the receiving water, that water of body -- that body of water that is receiving the contaminant.

And it does not specify any specific action, but -- and that body of water receives contaminants from many different sources.

Compared to the focus of that -- on the receiving water, the TMDL wasteload allocation focuses on the permittee's discharge from its outfall, and that is what is being regulated under the TMDL.

So what you have here is a new regulation, new requirements, that were not in the prior permit. And all the -- the only reason why the proposed decision is proposing to find that it is not reimbursable is because

the goal is the same. The standard of performance is the same. What we are trying to do is keep the receiving water clean, and the proposed decision is saying, well, because that goal is the same, it's not new.

Well, that's -- that is not what the test is. The test for whether something is new was set forth most recently by the Court of Appeal and Department of Finance v. Commission, which is the San Diego permit case, which was rendered in 2022. And that test is to determine whether a program imposed by a permit -- and this case also involved the stormwater permit.

And so they said the test is to determine whether a program imposed by a permit is new, we compare the legal requirements imposed by the new permit with those in effect before the new permit became effective.

In other words, you compare the -- what is required under our new 2009 San Diego permit with what -- the prior permit. And then they say, "This is so even though the conditions were designed to satisfy the same standard of performance."

And that is where the Commission staff's proposed decision errors, because they are saying, "Well, it's the same standard of performance: Clean water in the receiving water, and, therefore, it's the same." Yet,

the TMDL is a new requirement; undisputed that it's a new requirement.

And so under this case, to determine whether it's new and a new program, you look at what they are requiring the permittees via the claimants to do. And that is where the proposed decision errors.

And how -- how do you know, really, that it is new? What is the evidence that this is new as opposed to what was covered by the old discharge prohibition?

Well, the discharge prohibition was in the 2002 permit, and the discharge prohibition is also in section A of the permit. If you were -- if it was the same thing, you wouldn't need the TMDL.

But we know that the water boards don't take frivolous actions. We know that they don't take unnecessary actions. So, clearly, they felt that they had to require something more of the claimants by putting in the TMDL in section I. Otherwise, if it was the same thing, they could have just kept the discharge prohibition, which we already had.

And for that reason, we request that the Commission find that the -- not only is the -- well, find that the TMDL is a new -- new program.

Let me just say, in closing, very quickly, that there's another basis on which the proposed decision appears to find that the TMDL is not a new program. And that is based on statements that federal law requires compliance with water quality standards and, therefore, this TMDL is not new. They don't say that this is a federal mandate. They say it's a — they concede that the TMDL is a state mandate, but they say it's not new because this is required.

2.

Well, the concept that federal law requires compliance with water quality standards for these MS4 municipal stormwater permit discharges is wrong. It is simply wrong.

And so, first of all, so everybody understands, water quality standards are criteria -- levels of pollutants that are in the receiving water here, the ocean or the creeks, again, to protect the -- what are called beneficial uses, the ability to swim or fish in those water bodies.

And the proposed decision, and in four different places, references the fact that the permittees are required to comply with water quality standards.

And as I say, that is just simply wrong. Since 1999, in the Ninth Circuit case of Defenders of Wildlife v. Browner, it's been well established that for municipal stormwater permittees, they are not required to comply with water quality standards.

1 And that is referenced by the fact that they 2 compared what the municipal stormwater permittee is 3 required to do with what industrial or private parties 4 are required to do with their stormwater discharges. 5 And they said, Congress specifically found that the industrial permittee, or the other permittee, is 6 7 required to comply with water quality standards, but for municipal stormwater permittees, they have a different standard. Not compliance with water quality standards, 9 10 but reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum 11 extent practicable. 12

And the state board, the State Water Resources Control Board, concedes this point.

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

In their decision of -- which was relating to a Los Angeles County stormwater permit, a review of that, Water Quality Order 2015-0075, they explicitly state, in the context of MS -- "NPDES permits for MS4s, however, the Clean Water Act does not explicitly reference the requirement to meet water quality standards."

And then they go on to say, they have the ability to not require compliance. They can impose that requirement by discretion, but they don't have to.

And so they, themselves, acknowledge that this requirement is not imposed on MS4 permittees. And I will just note, for the record, that there's at least

T	four different places in the proposed decision that
2	states that the permittees are required to comply with
3	water quality standards: On page 170; on page 189, when
4	they are talking about monitoring; and page 198; and
5	page 222, when they are talking about the TMDLs.
6	So for the reason I first stated, that the TMDL is
7	qualitatively different than the discharge prohibition,
8	and to the extent the second basis is set forth, that
9	MS4 permittees have to comply with water quality
10	standards, both of those are errors, and we would
11	request that the decision be modified both with respect
12	to implementation of the stormwater monitoring plan and
13	with respect to the TMDLs.
14	And as I say, we reserve and are not waiving any of
15	the other arguments that we have set forth in our
16	moving our test claim papers or comments.
17	Thank you very much.
18	CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you.
19	Next we will move to Department of Finance.
20	Do you have any comments?
21	MS. FEREBEE: Good morning. Donna Ferebee,
22	Department of Finance.
23	We have previously submitted written comment on the
24	test claim, and we won't reiterate those comments here.
25	We will, however, join in the Water Board's remarks

today.

2 Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you.

Ms. Hagan and Mr. Lauffer from the State Water
Resources Control Board and San Diego Regional Water
Quality Control Board, do you have any other comments?

MS. HAGAN: Yes, we do. Thank you. Good morning, Commission Members and staff. My name is Catherine Hagan. I'm with the State Water Board's Office of Chief Counsel. And as you know, Michael Lauffer is also with me here today.

The Water Boards appreciate and also want to recognize the exhaustive work by Commission staff in developing this proposed decision that you are considering. We agree with a significant number of recommendations in this proposed final decision.

We do want to identify our concern, however, with the proposed decision's reversal from the draft that was circulated with respect to section D.2., which is within the stormwater action level provision, section D, that Mr. Gest was referring to at the beginning of his remarks.

Section D establishes the stormwater action levels based on existing water quality standards, and section D.2., in particular, requires permittees to develop a

monitoring plan to sample a representative percent of the major outfalls within each hydrologic subarea, and this is for the purposes of assessing compliance with applicable water quality standards.

Section D.2., it's important to note, does not require a monitoring plan for every outfall, just representative percentage of outfalls.

This requirement is consistent with the federal MS4 regulations, which require representative monitoring of outfalls. Specifically, the federal regulations require permittees to include a proposed monitoring program for representative data collection for the term of the permit that describes the location of outfalls or field screening points to be sampled; why the location is representative; the frequency of samplings; parameters to be sampled; and a description of the sampling equipment.

This regulation is set forth in Code of Regulations section 122.26(d)(2)(iii)(C).

Additionally, the federal regulations, that same section, but ending in (iv)(E), also require permittees to propose a monitoring program that includes a description of the location of outfalls or field screening points appropriate for representative data collection, and a description of why the outfall or

field screening point is representative.

While the proposed final decision states, at page 186, that "federal law does not require monitoring of each stormwater source at the precise point of discharge," citing the Natural Resources Defense Council versus County of Los Angeles case, a 2013 federal district court case, federal appellate court case, the — it is important to note that the same court decision goes on and recognizes that these federal regulations I described above require that permits contain monitoring design to yield data that is representative of the stormwater discharges.

The Court concludes that EPA regulations made clear that while MS4 NPDES permits need not require monitoring of each water source at the precise point of discharge, it may instead establish a monitoring scheme sufficient to yield data which are representative of the monitored activities.

The Court also recognizes that these federal regulations require permittees to propose a monitoring program for representative data collection that describes the location of outfalls or screening points to be sampled, and explain why the sampling locations are representative.

This further discussion in the NRDC case

1	underscores the federal that federal law requires the
2	type of monitoring that is in included a monitoring
3	plan that is included or required to be developed
4	pursuant to section D.2.
5	For this reason, we would ask that the proposed
6	decision be revised to deny the test claim for section
7	D.2., along with the remainder of section D in its
8	entirety.
9	And, finally, while we continue to disagree with
10	some of the other proposed conclusions, we have already
11	expressed these concerns in our written comments in this
12	matter and so will not reiterate them here today.
13	We appreciate the opportunity to speak with you
14	today and are available to answer any questions the
15	Commission may have.
16	Thank you.
17	CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you.
18	Is there any public comment on this item?
19	(No response.)
20	MS. HALSEY: I'm seeing no hands raised.
21	CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Okay. Are there any
22	questions from members?
23	(No response.)
24	CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Seeing none there, I
25	see Camille came off. Did you want to make a comment?

MS. SHELTON: I'm happy to answer any questions that you might have, and I'm willing and happy to address both the stormwater action levels section and the TMDL section, if you have questions there.

CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Yeah. If you want to make some brief comments in response to that, maybe -MS. SHELTON: Sure. Sure.

So the stormwater action level section, let me just kind of step back and explain what that is.

Under prior law, both federal law and the prior permit, permittees were required to monitor wet weather and dry weather samples, analyze those samples, determine the source of any pollutants, and evaluate and modify best management practices to control the discharge of any pollutants to the water bodies.

Those are the same activities that are being imposed by this -- the stormwater action level section of the permit. All that a SAL is, it's just a number that reflects the amount of pollutant in the water that you know that is going to exceed water quality standards. Those SALs or action level numbers are the same as the water quality standards that were in prior law.

The SALs were, you know, determined for or set for nitrate and nitrite turbidity in the metals, and the

metals all have water quality standards that were set long ago under the California Toxics Rule.

So the claimants were monitoring for those pollutants under prior law. They had to analyze samples. They had to determine whether those samples had exceeded those water quality standards under prior law, and they had to evaluate and modify best management practices if they determined there was an exceedance.

In fact, the water board found that a discharge of those pollutants were causing water quality impairments, and there were several violations of water quality standards under the prior permit for those pollutants. So none of those activities are new.

And, in addition, federal law requires monitoring sufficient to determine whether you are meeting water quality standards. We strongly disagree with the claimant that they weren't required to comply with water quality standards under prior law, because the State Water Board issued a precedential order, I think, back in 1999, that required all the receiving water limitation and discharge prohibitions to be included and permits that did require that they meet water quality standards and all of those in the Basin Plan. So none of that is new.

The only new part that they had to do with the

adoption of this permit was to develop a monitoring plan. And so how they do that is up to them, but the fact that they had to do a new monitoring plan, we felt, was a new mandated -- state mandated activity, and that's why we recommended approval of the monitoring plan itself for the stormwater action level requirement. So that's SALs.

The TMDL at Baby Beach on bacteria, very much the same kind of analysis. There, you had water quality standards that were set long ago in federal law and in state law for the three types of bacteria in coastal waters. They -- state law, before this TMDL, said that if you exceed those water quality standards, then your beaches have to be closed. So the TMDL set the numeric targets exactly at the same level as the water quality standards in prior law, and simply requires the same activities of monitoring, analyzing the samples, determining the source, and modifying the BMPs. And for the TMDL, they have to meet those water quality standards by the interim and final deadlines.

The only difference between prior law and the adoption of the TMDL was that the permittees now know the percentage of bacteria they have to reduce in order to meet water quality standards. There really is nothing new there. The activities that are required to

be performed under prior law and under the test claim 1 2 permit are exactly the same. They just have to do a 3 better job to meet water quality standards. And so that's all that -- those two sections 4 5 require. 6 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you. 7 With that, is there any further discussion? 8 (No response.) 9 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: If not, is there a 10 motion --11 MR. GEST: Excuse me, Chairperson. Would you like 12 me to respond to some of those points? 13 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Sure. You can briefly 14 respond. 15 MR. GEST: Okay. So, first of all, with respect to 16 the TMDL, I would like to respond to the assertion that 17 it did not require any new activities, and that -- that 18 is not correct. I mean, the goals are the same: You 19 know, compliance with water quality standards at the 20 beach. But the activity that is being ordered is 21 different. And so, again, under the Court of Appeals 22 23 decision in Department of Finance v. Commission, dealing 24 with San Diego, where it says that you have to look at 25 whether the legal requirements are the same or

different, and it does not matter, even though the conditions were designed to satisfy the same standard of performance.

Well, the argument is, well, you had to meet the same standard of performance. You had to meet water quality standards both before and after, but that's not the test.

The test is, was a -- was there a legal obligation imposed on the permittees? And there was a legal obligation to comply with these wasteload allocations that didn't exist before. And -- and that's the facts.

And so there's really no dispute about those facts, so that under the Court of Appeals test, this is a new program. And so -- so I wanted to respond to that point.

And with respect to the monitoring, we were not obligated -- the claimants were not obligated to sample outfalls under the prior permit.

Under the new permit, we are required to sample outfalls in wet weather. So that is new.

And, again, the goal is the same. The goal is always the same. The goal is clean water. Everybody wants clean water. The claimants spend a lot of money trying to achieve clean water and they do a good job.

But, in this instance, the State is telling them

1 how to reach that goal. And that, then, becomes a 2. reimbursable state mandate. 3 Thank you very much. CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you, Mr. Gest. 4 5 It looks like you want to make one more comment, 6 Camille. Go ahead. 7 MS. SHELTON: I just need to state that the activities required by the TMDL section to monitor and 8 9 to amend your BMPs and to report to the regional board 10 are absolutely not new. And the fact that they had to 11 meet water quality standards by performing those same 12 activities under prior law is the fact. 13 So we apparently do disagree with the facts 14 presented. The fact -- the undisputed facts are -- the 15 only difference is that they set a TMDL, a number, to 16 determine the amount of discharge reduction in the 17 pollution that you have to reach. But the activities of 18 monitoring, implementing BMPs, and reporting your 19 results to the regional board are absolutely not new. 20 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you. 21 Is there any further discussion? Member Olsen? 22 23 MEMBER OLSEN: I will move the staff 24 recommendation. 25 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: There's been a motion to 50

```
move the staff recommendation.
1
 2
         Is there a second?
 3
         MEMBER WALKER: Second.
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: The motion to move the
 4
5
    staff recommendation has been made by Member Olsen and
6
    seconded by Member Walker. Ready for -- are we ready
7
    for the question or is there further discussion?
         Seeing no further discussion, Heather, please call
8
    the roll.
9
10
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Adams.
11
         MEMBER ADAMS: Aye.
12
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Evans.
13
         MEMBER EVANS: Aye.
14
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Holman.
15
         MEMBER HOLMAN: Aye.
16
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Nash.
17
         MEMBER NASH: Aye.
18
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen. Ms. Olsen.
19
         MEMBER OLSEN: Aye.
20
         MS. HALSEY: Thank you.
21
         Mr. Stephenshaw.
22
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Aye.
23
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Walker.
24
         MEMBER WALKER: Aye.
25
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: That motion is carried.
                                                             51
```

1 MS. HALSEY: We will new ask presenters for Item 4 2 to please turn off their video and mute their 3 microphones. Item 5 is reserved for county applications for a 4 5 finding of significant financial distress, or SB 1033 6 applications. No SB 1033 applications have been filed. 7 Next, Program Analyst Jill Magee will please turn 8 on her video and microphone and present Item 6, the 9 Legislative Update. 10 MS. MAGEE: Good morning. 11 The following are the legislative updates since the 12 last time the Commission met. The Governor had, until 13 October 14th, 2023, to sign or veto legislation. 14 SB 544, Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act: 15 Teleconferencing. This bill was chaptered on 16 September 22nd, 2023, and is effective on January 1st, 17 2024. 18 As discussed at the last Commission meeting, this 19 bill enacted additional alternative provisions under 20 which a state body may hold a meeting by teleconference, 21 including the following key provisions among several 22 other requirements. 23 The bill requires a majority of the members, a 24 quorum, to be physically present in a single 25 teleconference location, and at least one member to be

1 physically present at each teleconference location, all 2 of which are required to be accessible to the public and 3 from which members of the public may participate in the 4 meeting; 5 Authorizes a member's remote participation, which 6 location is not required to be accessible to the public, 7 and which the notice and the agenda are prohibiting from disclosing if the other members who are physically 8 9 present at the same teleconference location constitute a 10 majority of the state body; 11 Authorizes a member's remote participation if the 12 member has a need related to a disability and notifies 13 the state body, in which case that member is counted 14 toward the majority of members required to be physically 15 present at the same teleconference location. 16 Thank you. 17 MS. HALSEY: Does anyone have any questions on 18 that? 19 (No response.) 20 MS. HALSEY: We will be implementing and working to 21 implement our hybrid meetings for the January meeting so 22 that we will be able to have participation both remotely 23 and in person at the same time.

Moving on, Chief Legal Counsel will please turn on her video and microphone and present Item 7, the Chief

24

1 Legal Counsel Report. 2 MS. SHELTON: Thank you, Heather. 3 We have no new filings and no recent decisions, and there's nothing pending on the litigation calendar at 4 5 this time. So I have nothing to report. 6 MS. HALSEY: Thank you. 7 Next is the Executive Director Report. Cristina Bardasu will please turn on her video and 8 9 unmute her microphone for her introduction to the 10 Commission. And I am pleased to announce that our new 11 Executive Assistant Director -- or new Assistant 12 Executive Director -- sorry -- Administrative Services, 13 Cristina Bardasu, who began working with the Commission 14 on Monday, September 20 -- 25, 2003 [sic], is here with 15 us today for her first meeting as Assistant Executive 16 Director. 17 Ms. Bardasu earned her Bachelor's in Business 18 Administration from the University of Economy in 19 Romania, after which she attended the University of Law 20 in Romania for a year, which makes her a particularly 21 good fit for the Commission, with her legal background 22 as well. 23 She also earned her Certificate of Bookkeeping. 24 And Cristina is coming to us from the Department of

Education, Tobacco Use Prevention Education Program,

MS. BARDASU: Thank you.

MS. HALSEY: And next we will go to -- sorry -- our workload update. After this hearing, there are 40 pending test claims, 36 of which are regarding stormwater NPDES permits. There are also three parameters and guidelines, two statewide cost estimates, and one incorrect reduction claim pending. Commission staff expect to complete all the currently pending test claims and IRCs by approximately the July 24, 2026, meeting.

And just as a reminder, we issue our draft analyses for comment at least eight weeks prior to the hearing, and then our proposed decisions two weeks prior to the hearing. You can find all of our pending caseload on our website, which we update -- and that is for all caseload -- and we update that at least every two months.

And that's all I have today.

With that, we can go into closed session.

CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you.

The Commission will now meet in closed executive session pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e), to confer with and receive advice from legal counsel for consideration and action, as necessary and appropriate, upon the pending litigation listed on the published

1 notice and agenda; and to confer with and receive advice 2. from legal counsel regarding potential litigation. 3 The Commission will also confer on personnel 4 matters pursuant to Government Code section 11126(a)(1). 5 We will reconvene in open session in approximately 6 15 minutes. 7 (Closed session was held from 11:13 a.m. to 11:20 a.m.) 8 9 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Thank you. 10 The Commission met in closed session -- in closed 11 executive session pursuant to Government Code section 11126(e) to confer with and receive advice from legal 12 13 counsel for consideration and action, as necessary and 14 appropriate, upon the pending litigation listed on the 15 published notice and agenda; and to confer with and 16 receive advice from legal counsel regarding potential 17 litigation. 18 The Commission also conferred on personnel matters 19 pursuant to Government Code section 11126(a)(1). 20 With no further business to discuss, I will 21 entertain a motion to adjourn. 22 MEMBER NASH: So moved. 23 CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: There has been a motion 24 to adjourn. 25 Is there a second?

```
MEMBER HOLMAN: I will second that.
1
 2
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: It has been moved by
 3
    Member Nash and seconded by Member Holman to adjourn
4
    this meeting.
         Heather, please call the roll.
5
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Adams.
6
7
         MEMBER ADAMS: Aye.
8
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Evans.
9
         MEMBER EVANS: Aye.
10
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Holman.
11
         MEMBER HOLMAN: Aye.
12
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Nash.
13
         MEMBER NASH: Aye.
14
         MS. HALSEY: Ms. Olsen.
15
         (No response.)
16
         MS. HALSEY: We seem to have lost Ms. Olsen.
17
         Mr. Stephenshaw.
18
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Aye.
19
         MS. HALSEY: Mr. Walker.
20
         MEMBER WALKER: Aye.
21
         CHAIRPERSON STEPHENSHAW: Motion to adjourn is
22
    carried. This meeting is now adjourned. Thanks, all.
23
         (Proceedings concluded at 11:22 a.m.)
24
                            ---000---
25
```

1 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 3 I, KATHRYN S. SWANK, a Certified Shorthand Reporter 4 of the State of California, do hereby certify: 5 That I am a disinterested person herein; that the 6 foregoing proceedings, heard via Zoom, were reported in 7 shorthand by me, Kathryn S. Swank, a Certified Shorthand 8 Reporter of the State of California, and thereafter 9 transcribed into typewriting. 10 I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for any of the parties to said proceedings nor 11 12 in any way interested in the outcome of said 13 proceedings. 14 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand 15 this 9th day of November 2023. 16 17 18 19 SWANK, 20 Certified Shorthand Reporter License No. 13061 21 22 --000---23 24 25